Bellefonte Republican.

Established in 1869.} "Let us see to it that a Government, of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not perish from the Earth."---A. LINCOLN. {Terms: $2.00 per annum

VOL. XV. BELLEFONTE, PA., WEDNESDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 5, 1883. NO. 47.

Bellefonte Republican.

By EDWARD T. TUTEN.

To CORRESPONDENTS.—No communication published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.

Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper, and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

EDITORIAL BRIEFS.

RANDALL didn't wear seven-league boots.

THE Boston clergy err in abusing Butler, for even yet they might save his rare soul.

SERGEANT MASON is happy since his liberation from prison. "Betty and the baby" have not been heard from.

MISS HILL, the fair claimant for a share of Senator Sharon's millions, seems to be getting herself into a bad fix.

THE Williamsport *Gazette and Bulletin* claims that numerous improvements have recently been made in that city.

A LOCOMOTIVE 65 feet 5 inches long, and weighing 105 tons, is the latest feat in railroad enterprise and improvement.

AN Arizona stage robber has been scared to death. The case presents a rather utopian but enticing suggestion for the treatment of eastern criminals.

THE man who is under a wager not to wear anything on his head but a straw hat until Ben Butler is re-elected governor of Massachusetts, stands a good chance of taking cold.

THE *Watchman* was not pleased with our reply to its article in the issue of Friday, November 23. It is so difficult to please on political subjects that we despair and won't attempt another answer.

RUSSIA has nearly double the number of inhabitants this country has, but she has only 776 newspapers to offset our more than 10,000, and, after all, it is the intelligence of a people that tells the story of influence and power in the affairs of the world.

THE trial of the question before a New York court, whether the electric light wires are dangerous to the public, is reinforced quite materially by an incident in that city on Monday night. One of the Brush electric poles was broken by a runaway horse, and another horse was soon after entangled in the wires, and received such a shock that it seemed doubtful whether it would recover.

THE choice of Carlisle for Speaker of the National House of Representatives is one which we are glad the Democrats made. It is an exhibition of more than ordinary honesty on their part. Always suspected of being a Free Trade party, they have now made a bold avowal of their advocacy of that doctrine. This consistency on their part is a jewel of priceless value (to Republicans), and we hope that in all their actions they will adhere to it.

O'DONNELL, the slayer of Carey, the Irish informer, was convicted last Saturday and sentenced to be hanged. It did not appear from evidence offered at his trial that he was sent to kill Carey, the informer, by any secret Irish society. It was only proved that the prisoner committed the murder. But O'Donnell's behavior after he was sentenced shows him to be just such a man as would be selected to do the work of an avenger. From the hour of his arrest until that moment he showed extraordinary firmness and self control; but when he saw that self-restraint would serve him no longer, the desperate man burst forth with terrible curses and cries of defiance. It was not the conduct of a man unjustly condemned to death for killing another in self-defence; but that of a man who gloried in the result of a premeditated crime.

HON. JAMES G. BLAINE'S letter has attracted a variety of criticism from Democratic journals — criticism which is amusing to read merely because it is so wide of the mark. Gov. Butler, for instance, doesn't seem to understand Mr. Blaine's letter at all. He speaks of taxing corn, of creating numerous officials to collect the tax on spirits, etc., when in reality Mr. Blaine's plan comprehends none of these things. The New York *Sun* editorially interposes an objection to Maine and other prohibition States taking advantage of the distribution because no revenue of the kind is derived from them. These objections do not affect Mr. Blaine's letter. He does not propose to raise any more tax than is now provided for nor to create any more officials. Of all internal taxation he believes that the tax on spirits should be the last to be removed, and as the states need money more than the general government he proposes to distribute it among the Commonwealths. Spirits of all things, may be considered a luxury and all who use them should and will be willing to pay for them. Indeed, the whiskey manufacturer can fix the price on his product at what he pleases and the consumer will not complain. In short, Mr. Blaine's proposal does not alter the present circumstances of the tax payer or whiskey manufacturer in any particular. The internal arrangements of a state in reference to the manufacture or sale of spirits has nothing to do with a law affecting alike all the people. It is plainly evident that Democratic journals must exhibit greater ingenuity in creating objections than they at present seem able to do.

THE advance in the science of telegraphy almost surpasses belief. In a lecture in Philadelphia last Wednesday night on the Synchronous Multiplex Telegraph, Prof E. J. Houston said: "I regard the new system as the most wonderful invention in this age of electricity, since it is a means whereby 72 distinct and separate messages can be simultaneously transmitted on the same wire." He explained that the system is based upon the synchronous rotation of two cylinders, one at each end of the line, whereby a single wire is connected at both ends simultaneously to corresponding operating instruments, and transferred from one set of instruments to another, so rapidly that the operators transmitting or receiving do not realize that the line has been disconnected from one instrument and given to another, since each operator always has the line at his disposal, even at the highest rate of manipulation.

SECRETARY LINCOLN has a newer and more elegantly appointed office than any other member of the Cabinet. It is on the third floor of the State, War and Navy Building, looking out upon Pennsylvania ave. Rich Turkish rugs partially cover the tessellated hard wood floor. The flat topped desk is of mahogany covered with a blue cloth. The other furniture is covered with olive-tinted leather. On the walls hang portraits of Generals Grant, Sherman and Sheridan, and Secretaries Stanton and the two Camérons. Mr. Lincoln is an inveterate smoker while at work, and in writing he uses a steel pen in a plain three cent wooden holder.

AT last the Appropriation bill has passed both houses of the state legislature and is in the hands of Gov. Pattison for veto or approval. It provides for the payment of $543,053.93—the cost of the extra session. An adjournment on December 12 has been agreed upon. The only dissenting vote in the Senate to adjournment at the time mentioned was that of Senator Gordon, to whom the failure to pass a Democratic Apportionment bill means, probably, a failure of political aspirations for himself and Cassidy.

Blaine to Smith.

We publish below the splendid letter of Hon. James G. Blaine to Charles Emory Smith, of the Philadelphia *Press*, on the subject of the distribution of surplus revenue:

AUGUSTA, Me., Nov. 22. 1883.

Charles Emory Smith, Esq., Editor Press, Philadelphia.

MY DEAR SIR: I have your note inquiring if I would be willing to give, in the more authentic form of a letter over my own signature, certain views which I expressed in conversation several weeks since, touching an important financial question. I understand you refer to some observations I made to one of your assistant editors in regard to the proposition of the Republican State Convention of Pennsylvania for "the distribution of the surplus revenue of the National Treasury among the states." I understand you to refer still more particularly to a suggestion of my own as a substitute for the Pennsylvania proposition, to which I thought I saw fatal objections. I have no reason for withholding my views, and I admit the wisdom of your suggestion that I would better state them myself than to have them possibly mis stated by others.

The proposition of the Pennsylvania Republican Convention is to distribute "among the states any surplus in the National Treasury that may arise from a redundant revenue." The first objection which I see to this proposition is the utter uncertainty of the amount of "redundant revenue." It may be one million or it may be one hundred millions. The amount, depending as it does on so many contingencies, cannot be determined in advance with even approximate exactness, and the states could not, therefore, depend upon a steady resource. Unless steady it would not bring relief because it would not enable the states to dispense with any part of their own systems of taxation. An occasional gift from the National Treasury would not be valuable. That was proved by the distribution of the revenue under the Act of 1836, in the presidency of General Jackson. It did no good. It was scattered away in all the states. Here in Maine, they made an absolute per capita distribution of it among the entire population—a trifling sum to each. That, of course, threw contempt upon the whole measure.

There is a second objection to the Pennsylvania proposition which, in my judgment, is still more serious. If you simply resolve to distribute the "redundant national revenue" among the states, you impose on senators and representative a divided interest which would be embarrassing and hurtful. For the benefit of their states—especially of those states that might be in pressing need of money—senators and representatives would desire the "redundant revenue" to be as large as possible. This would present a constant temptation to withhold appropriations from objects of a really national character. It would be unfair to senators and representatives to lay upon them and before them obligations and motives which would constantly tend to turn them from the straight path of duty to the National Government. You cannot have the National Government and the State Government joint owners in the same treasury without mischievous conflict. Such a partnership is at war with the well-being of both state and nation.

A third objection to the Pennsylvania proposition is that it proceeds upon the assumption of a continuing redundancy of national revenue. This is opposed to all sound views of administration. The government wants just enough revenue. A redundancy always leads to extravagance, to many forms of corruption, and to all manner of schemes for getting rid of money. A Congress assembling with tens of millions of surplus at its disposal is very sure to hold sessions which would prove profitless to the people and perilous to its own members. Since the war closed we have had no embarrassing redundancy in the Treasury, because the payment of the national debt has afforded at once the readiest and the wisest mode of appropriating every dollar not needed for the current expenses of the Government.

The time is rapidly approaching, however, when, by reason of the terms in which the national debt is funded, the payment of the remainder must of necessity be postponed for years; the larger part of it, indeed, to the next century. This brings with it the necessity of reducing the national revenue. The present system of taxation is yielding more than a hundred millions beyond the amount required for the ordinary expenses of Government. Its reduction will soon become an imperative duty. Indeed a strong movement is already on foot for the repeal of the entire system of internal revenue on the assumption, which is justified by facts, that receipts from customs will afford abundant revenue for the needs of the Government. The protectionists desire this—but not they alone. Judge Kelly is not more earnestly in favor of it than is Mr. Cox, of New York, who is a most intelligent representative of the free trade interest. Many of the leading free traders in Congress are opposed to the continuation of tax on spirits. It is, therefore, quite evident—it is at least highly probable—that a coalition of men holding antagonistic views on the question of protection will, at the first opportunity, effect the abolition of the system of internal revenue. This conjuntion of circumstances gives, in my judgement, a rare opportunity to relieve taxation in the states. It is under the state governments that taxation is felt most severely. The national government has the benefit of easy, because indirect, forms of taxation. It is the direct tax that is felt to be oppressive. At the beginning of the war the National Government levied a direct tax of twenty millions of dollars upon thes tates—about sixty-six cents per capita upon the whole population. It frightened the people, and the effect was so depressing that all kinds of composition and adjustment were invented to avoid payment. But concurrent with the fright occasioned by the direct tax hundreds of millions were raised in a single year by customs and by excise without a word of protest or a sense of hardship.

Our state and municipal taxation is direct. It comes upon the property with crushing force. There are few communities in the United States that pay so little as 1 per cent per annum on the actual value of their real property. There are many communities that pay more than 2 per cent on the actual value. The houses, the farms, the factories, the stores, the shops, all feel it as a heavy burden—a burden unrelieved by any form of indirect taxation. Why, therefore, should not the states be permitted to have tax on spirits for their own benefit, if the National Government does not need it? The national and state governments, as I think I have shown, cannot safely share the same revenue; but if the National Government has no longer need of the tax on spirits, why should not the entire amount which it yields annually be paid over to the States? Could it be regarded as wise statesmanship to continue the heavy, oppressive direct tax on all property under the state governments and at the same time command a hurtful luxury like spirits to go free? That would be a folly which no other government on the globe could by any possibility commit. The tax on spirits oppresses no one. It is paid only by the consumer, and the most extreme advocate of temperance cannot maintain that taxing the article increases its consumption.

The National Government has an absolute monopoly of the revenue from customs because the states are forbidden by the Constitution to levy a tax on imports. The excise tax was left open to both the National and State Governments. But, as a matter of fact, it is only the National Government that can effectively levy and collect it. Should the state of Illinois, for instance, attempt to levy an excise tax on whisky, the distilleries would be removed across the river to Missouri. Each state in turn that should attempt to collect an excise tax would find itself baffled and disabled. It is only the National Government that can do it, and the National Government can do it for the benefit of all the states. Instead, therefore, of repealing the tax on spirits the National Government can assign it to the states in proportion to their population. The machinery of collection is to-day in complete operation. A bill of ten lines could direct the Secretary of the Treasury to pay the whole of it, less the small expense of collection, to the states and territorities in the proportion of their population, and to continue it permanently as part of their regular annual revenue.

The amount yielded by the tax on spirituous and malt liquors last year was over eighty-six millions of dollars. On the basis of the census of 1880 it would pay about $1.75 per capita to all the people. The tendency would be to increase rather than diminish this ratio as time wore on. Illicit distilleries would disappear when every state and every town should come to realize that it was being defrauded of its own revenue by permitting or winking at the violations of law. On the basis of $1 75 per head, the relief to states would be very great. I append a table showing what each state would receive on the basis of the present revenue. In considering the question, as I have very carefully for several months past, I have possibly overlooked objections which others may suggest. But the more I have reflected upon it the more evident it has become to my mind that it is wiser to tax whiskey than to tax farms and homesteads and shops, and that it would be an act of incalculable folly to remit the eighty-six millions of dollars instead of giving it to the states for the relief of oppressive local taxation.

I trust I have made the differences between this proposition and the Pennsylvania proposition sufficiently plain. The one which I have suggested gives the revenue from a specific tax wholly to the states, and does not depend upon a chance surplus or an accidental remainder in the National Treasury. It makes the tax on spirituous and malt liquors a permanent resource to all the states, enabling them thereby definitely to readjust and reduce their own taxation. Each state could most wisely use its share according to its own necessities. In Maine, for example, our share would enable us to repeal absolutely the state tax proper, leaving only the county and town taxes upon the people. In your state of Pennsylvania, where licenses support the state government, the cities and towns could receive *pro rata* the seven and a half millions which would fall to your share. Your city of Philadelphia would receive nearly a million and a half per annum. States that have been so oppressed by debt as to be tempted or driven to repudiation would be enabled to regain their credit, and every community from ocean to ocean would, in one form or another, realize that burdens of taxation were in some degree ameliorated. I believe the measure would prove a "great beneficence" to the people in all parts of the Republic. Very respectfully,

JAMES G. BLAINE.

THE serious illiness of Senator Anthony in New York is to be regretted, coming, as it does, at the very beginning of the new session. Apart from the danger to his life, which would seem to be not inconsiderable, his absence from the Senate at the time of its organization is unfortunate. He is the oldest and one of the most respected members of that body and was likely to have been chosen its presiding officer had he been in condition to perform the duties of the office. It is true Senator Edmunds is now President pro tem., but he is more at home on the floor of the Senate, and, it is understood, desires to resume his old place as Republican leader of that body. The public, regardless of partisan affiliation, will sincerely hope that Senator Anthony may recover speedily and be permitted to perform the active duties of his position.

IN another column we publish the admirable letter written by Hon. James G. Blaine, of Maine, to Chas Emory Smith, editor of the Philadelphia *Press*, in response to the latter gentleman's request. It is on the subject of the distribution of surplus revenue among the states, or rather stating his objections to that scheme and substituting therefor the revenue derived from whiskey ($86,000,000), and dividing that among the states, which in a table attached to the letter Mr. Blaine shows would be $8,893,000 for New York, $7,493,000 for Pennsylvania, $5,285,000 for Illinois and $5,580,000 for Ohio, the smaller States receiving in proportion. Mr. Blaine's views are those of the greatest states man in the country and will be read with great interest, and accepted we believe as conclusive.

SENATOR EDMUNDS is reported to be preparing a postal telegraph bill which he will introduce early in the session. His plan is to have trunk lines connect the capital as the main centre, and then have lines radiate to the leading postoffices. He is opposed to the purchase of any existing lines. He called upon the president a few days ago and had an interview with him. It is not improbable that the president may reccommend the postal telegraph in his message. The postmaster general has also been seriously considering the postal telegraph question, and it is expected that he will have considerable to say on the subject in his report.

GENERAL NOTES.

Sportsmen say quail has not been as plentiful for years past.

A proposition to divide Texas in three or four States is again under discussion.

There are 34,000 deaf mutes in the United States, or one out of every 1500 people.

During the year 1883 more than 2800 Mormon proselytes have arrived at San Francisco.

Twenty-four ostriches were recently shipped from Cape Town, Africa, to San Diego, Cal.

The total number of desertions from the British army in 1882 was 4,145, of whom 1,297 rejoined.

Steps are being taken in Canada to prevent further assisted immigration from the old country.

Wealthy residents of Brooklyn, N. Y., are advocating the building of a palatial opera house in that city.

Seventy-seven per cent of our exports during 1883 have been of agricultural products and mineral oil.

The recent report of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs states that about 10,000 children of the red man are being educated in boarding or day schools.

An Albany butcher, after carefully reckoning the amount of work he has done in thirty years, estimates that he has sawed seventy-eight miles of bones in that time.

Lieutenant Massenat, whose scientific researches in Tunis have attracted considerable attention, claims now to have discovered the ruins of the Roman city, located in the Southern part of Djerba.

The United States take the second place among the copper producing countries of the world. Chili leads with 42,909 tons for 1882, and the United States follow with 39,300 tons for the same period.

A female miser, eighty-three years of age, was found dead in London a few days ago. She owned several houses, 100 acres of land and $6000 in cash. She had written the Lord's Prayer on both posts of the garden gate as a charm against thieves.

At a Hannibal, Mo., wedding, a few days since, the bridal march was played on a harmonica. The groom was attired in a hickory striped shirt and copperas colored pants, while the bride wore a calico dress made in the latest Mother Hubbard style.

An extraordinary case of subsidence has been observed in the vicinity of Bone. The Naiba, an isolated mountain of 800 metres altitude, is gradually descending into the bosom of the earth. A deep excavation has been made all round, encircling the whole engulfed mass.

Mr. P. T. Barnum is to appear in a blaze of Christmas candles. "Barnum in Britishland" is the title of the holiday number of *Truth* (London) wherein are to be described the lively showman's experiences in search of a successor to "Jumbo," with details of his many interviews.

The eminent basso, Karl Formas, tells American parents that they make a grave mistake when they send their children to Italy to study music when they can attain much better results at home. He says musical science is at its lowest level in Italy, and the great singers are not Italians.

Jackson county, Fla., boasts among other things a natural well, formed by the sinking of earth, near Greenwood, a few months ago, and a natural bridge of limestone across the Chipola river, about three miles above Marianna, formed by the river sinking for a distance of half a mile.

At a recent dinner party in Boston, a very large Japanese umbrella formed a covering above the heads of the guests. The long handle was fixed by a weight in the centre of the table, and partially concealed by ferns and vines. Fixed to the edge at distances were lanterns, and these afforded the necessary light.

There is one good thing about General Butler, when he is at home in Lowell, and that is the war horse which he bought in 1860 for use at the military encampment of that year at Concord, and which served him faithfully and fearlessly throughout the war. "Little Phil" has lived in ease and dignity for the last dozen years, is by no means ready to depart this life, though he has left his thirtieth birthday behind him.

A correspondent writing from Amherst, Portage county, Wisconsin, says that that place has a living curiosity in the person of a little girl 13 years of age, the daughter of Max Brose, who moved there a year ago. She has no eyes, but blue spots on her face, which puff out a little below where the eyes should be. Aside from being blind the girl has her other faculties as acute as anyone, and is very intelligent in every respect.

The weather review of the United States Signal Service shows that in September there were two peculiar features—the low mean temperature, and the insufficiency in rainfall. The former was characteristic of all districts east of the Rocky Mountains, though the temperature was above the normal on the Pacific Coast. The greatest deficiency in rainfall was in the East Gulf states, but the drought has been severe in various sections.

A well dressed young man was found the other morning lying in East St. Louis, Ill., with a bullet in his head and a revolver by his side. There was nothing to indicate his name or home. A note, written in a good business hand, was found lying near the body. It read as follows: "Any man who may happen to find it will confer a great favor on this corpse by just digging a hole and covering it up. God will pay you for your trouble."

King Charles of Roumania shows no signs of his German birth. He is slim and of average height, brown complexion, his hair and beard dark, his eyes calm and resolute, his voice sonorous and even, and his speech both quick and precise. He speaks solely in French. On his accession fifteen years ago Roumania had an army of 80,000 men on paper; to-day she has 120,000 men that do not exist on paper alone, but fight well, are well equipped, well officered, and constantly kept in trim.

Poetry.

DON'T LET THEM BURY ME DEEP

[It will interest readers to know that this touching poem is founded upon an actual occurrence, which has lately obtained some publicity through the newspapers:]

Lift me a bit in my bed father;
Press your warm lips to my cheek;
Put your arm under my head, father—
I am so tired and so weak,
I cannot stay longer awake now—
Many a night I shall sleep,
Promise one thing for my sake, now—
Don't let them bury me deep!

Cover my bed with sweet flowers, father,
Those I loved so well to see
So in the long, lonely hours, father,
They'll be companions for me.
If I should wake in the night then,
Their lips my sad face will sweep,
Make my grave cheerful and bright, then—
Don't let them bury me deep!

When to the church you will go, father,
At the sweet Sabbath bell's tone,
I shall be dreary you know, father,
Lying out there all alone.
Hang my bird near in a tree, then—
Watch over me he will keep;
He will sing sweet hymns to me then—
Don't let them bury me deep!

Call on me whene'r you pass, father,
When by your side I often ran;
Put your face down on the grass, father,
Near to my own as you can;
If I could look up and hear you,
Into your arms I would creep;
Let me sometimes nestle near you—
Don't let them bury deep!

Look! who has come for me now, father,
Standing so near to my bed?
Some one is kissing my brow, father—
Mamma, I thought you were dead!
See! she is smiling so bright to you,
Beckons to you not to weep;
'Tis not *good-bye*, but *good-night* to you—
They can not bury me deep!

—*Will Carlton.*

A NOVEMBER BLAST.

Gosh all hemlock, how it blows!
How the dust in volumes goes
Cavorting madly up the streets,
Blinding every one it meets—
Filling eyes, and ears, and nose!
How the wintry wind gives battle
To the rusty signs that rattle
As it blows,
Blows, blows, blows, blows, blows—
Gosh all hemlock, how it blows!

And the hose—what of the hose
Of the ladies, when it blows?
We can see them, plain or striped,
On each buxom female biped,
When it blows;
As she trips across the gutter,
With her wrappings in a flutter,
She is in a dreadful putter
When it blows;
And she glows
Like a rose,
For she knows
That the menfolks at the corner
Have their naughty eyes upon her
And her hose—
Hose hose, hose, hose, hose—
Gosh a'mighty, how it blows!

And the plumber—ah, the plumber,
Who has kept indoors all summer,
Hears the wild tumultuous blowing
As it blows;
And he wonders if it's snowing,
And if water-pipes are going
To be froze;
And he goes,
As it blows,
To the window and keeps peering
From behind the curtain, leering
At the foes
Of his fellow-creatures, nearing—
And he crows, yes he crows—
Demonically crows
As it blows,
Blows, blows, blows, blows, blows—
Gosh a'm-ghty! gosh all hemlock! how it blows!

Our Story Teller.

A Society Item.

"Did you see the Cyclops *Courier*, Miss Abigail?" queried old Simon Shape, in quite a fervor of excitement.

He was leaning over the little green painted gate, coatless and blue shirted. Just beyond Miss Abigail Byrnes paused in her task of tying up heavy-headed August roses—a tall, angular figure clad in a brown and white striped print and a big yellow sunbonnet, very bony, scant of smiles and hard of features was Miss Azagail, but gentle and generous as a child's was the heart under the calico gown. "No," she replied, "I haven't seen it. What's the news?"

He responded with a counter question:

"You remember Roger Kearney?"

"To be sure. He went to the city to start a big store. What of him?"

"They be sayin' down at the corner that just now, when he had got his big store built, stocked and flourishin,' he has gone and been burned clean out, every yard of silk stuff and ivory buttons."

He paused breathless.

Miss Abigail clasped her thin hands and elevated her pale brow in dismay, not at the peculiar English and curious rhetoric of her narrator, but at the startling information imparted.

"Land sakes!" she ejaculated "you don't say so!"

Simon nodded vigorously.

"Yes," he affirmed, with apparent savage relish observable in even phlegmatic natures when the misfortune of another is the subject of discussion, "lost everything they say! Hadn't no insurance, neither. Hain't saved a spool o' thread. Not as much as a hook, eye, nor darnin' needle left."

Miss Abigail promptly tied the strings of her sunbonnet afresh and let down her gown, which had been carefully pinned up. "I'll just run over to Mrs. Evans," she declared "and borrow the paper. She takes it. News don't taste good second-handed, anyway."

And she went.

Leaning out of a picturesque, vine-wreathed window up at the rambling, white country house of which Miss Abigail was mistress, looked pretty Dorothy Stratton.

"Where on earth is aunt going?" she asked herself, bewildered, as she caught sight of the tall, fleeing figure. "Leaving the roses only half tied up, too."

But just then a stray sunbeam lit the stone on Dorothy's finger to a dazzling flame. She forgot all about Miss Abigail's hurried exit as she turned it now this way, now that way, and ended by kissing it in a burst of rapture. "You dear, dear little ring" she said.

You see it was quite novel to her yet, her engagement and her ring.

This was only August. In May she had never dreamed of the existence of such a person as Paul Carlisle.

He had come down to Blue Berry Hill in June, a successful young sculptor, seeking isolation, rest and a country quiet and the very first thing he did—he could have chosen last season from half a dozen brilliant society belles—was to fall head over ears in love with Dorothy Stratton.

She captured his erratic artistic fancy, and she pleased his instinctive sense of refinement.

She was so lythe and graceful, with such arch, graceful curves of throat and arm, and she held her small shoe-black head with such quiet, charming dignity. And what could be more winsome than the face with its colorless skin and liquid gray eyes and curved black brows and grave, sweet crimson mouth?

Just how June and July had passed these happy, foolish young people could have lucidly explained.

And the precise manner in which he had spoken at last, the shy confusion of her answers, the parting with hopes, regrets, love unutterable, was still a more mystic, entrancing delicious remembrance.

But there was a ring—a glittering tangible reality. So what wonder that Dorothy turned it up and down and under, and over, and kissed it in sheer joy of heart?

Over at Mrs. Evans' Miss Abigail sat, her sunbonnet untied and pushed back on her hair, her spectacles perched on her accommodating rigid nose, deep in the perusal of the Cyclops *Courier*.

"Too bad, eh?" queried Mrs. Evans, quickly topping gooseberries.

"Yes!" asserted Miss Abigail, "after all his years of saving. Ah, what's this?"

"What's what?" ask Mrs. Evans, startled at her guest's tone. She was staring straight at the sheet, her eyes very troubled and her mouth grimly set.

"Dear, dear, Miss Byrnes!" exclaimed Mrs. Evans, in feeble alarm, "do tell!"

But her visitor made no reply, only roused herself with an effort, tied the sunbonnet strings with an energetic jerk and marched straight out of the house, the Cyclops *Courier* in her hand. Mrs. Evans stared after her a moment. Then she tapped her forehead significantly, muttered a single word, and went complacently on topping her gooseberries. Dorothy, sitting still by the vine-wreathed window, twisting the bright circle round and round on her slim, brown finger, started as Miss Abigail banged the garden gate behind her and hurried up the path.

A heavy tread on the stairs, and the door was flung wide open and she stalked into the dainty chamber all pink silesia and snowy dotted muslin, like a herald of war.

"Dorothy!" she said in quite an awful voice.

"Aunt!" cried Dorothy, rising.

"Look here! Read!"

She held up the paper and waved her arm with a tragic gesture of command.

Dorothy glanced at the paragraph pointed out and read as bidden.

And this is what she read: "The social exodus has begun. Among the names of the steamship Asia to summer on the Continent we notice those of Paul A. Carlisle and wife."

Dorothy looked at the paper blankly, and then she began to read it over again.

"Well," questioned Miss Abigail sternly.

The girl stood up white to the very lips and trembling a little.

"There's some mistake!" she said.

Miss Abigail gave a distrustful snort.

"If there is," she said, "we've made it! He's a scamp, my dear," and then waxing emphatic, "a double distilled scamp!"

"You mustn't speak so," said Dorothy, striving to swallow the great lump in her throat. "It is—some other—Mr. Carlisle."

"Yes," said Miss Abigail, scornfully, "very likely! Do you think there are two men, who with exactly the same name—down to the middle initial—whose departure would be considered worth chronicling in the Cyclops "Courier"—do you?"

But Dorothy sprang to the door and ran down the stairs, and out into the shadowy orchard like a thing pursued.

And there she flung herself down on the smooth, short grass, dry-eyed, white lipped, half mad with searching, incredulous pain.

And up in the room she had just left, hard featured Miss Abigail sat down in Dorothy's particular, beribboned rocker, and flinging her blue apron over her face, cried for very sympathy: The day wore on, the sweet, warm August day. And Dorothy still lay crushed and faint, and heart sick under the big apple tree.

The *Courier* was dated the 15th—this was the 17th. City papers were mellow when they reached the little village. He had been gone two days—but then he hadn't gone! There was some mistake, she kept telling herself over and over, though in her innermost soul she didn't think there was.

Within, Miss Abigail went around the house with a very stern countenance and very red eyes.

"I'll make some strawberry puff balls for supper," she decided gravely. "She was always fond of puff balls, and maybe they'll comfort her some!" But then Miss Abigail had never been in love herself, and it takes more than strawberry puff cake to cure some heartaches.

The soft, purplish dusk lay over the farm when Dorothy felt a soft touch on her shoulder.

"Come into supper, child. You'll catch your death o' cold."

She rose up slowly.

"I am not going into the house," she said; "I should smother."

Miss Abigail held forth the tempting bait within and shook her head in sorrowful foreboding, as utterly disgraceful Dorothy walked away. Down at the gate she paused—the low, wide, green gate where she had so often stood to listen for the ringing footstep coming up the country road.

So often; but now—never again! Despite the pain of remberance she felt herself recalling every dear word and look, and thought of the dear summer days. She had been something of a bookworm all her life, and now flashed to her brain and, there burned the rebellious, passionate cry of *Othello*:

"My heart is turned to stone; I strike it
And it hurts my hand."

Hark—a footstep! She must go in. How foolish to imagine it might be his!

Never, never still! She could not move. She leaned heavily against the green post pillar. A voice! Whose voice? The gate was flung wide open. Close arms were around her.

Dark! how dark it was growing.

Five minutes later Miss Abigail looked up with swift amazement as a tall young figure strode into the little parlor, bearing in his arms a slender, pink-clad burden.

"You!" she cried, "I thought you had gone to Europe with your wife. We read of it in the Cyclops *Courier*, and——"

"And you believed it? Good heavens! Was that why Dolly fainted at sight of me? My father and mother sailed for the continent. Our initials are the same. I told them all about Dorothy before they left, and if she will only consent in a hurried marriage we will join them in Paris in September. Oh, you're listening, you dear little sinner! What do you say? That is right! And you doubted me? Dolly, Dolly, aren't you ashamed of yourself?"

"Yes," said Dolly, "I am!"

What Washington was to Be

The Washington correspondent of the Cleveland *Leader* writes: I came across the original plan of Washington in a little stuffy back room of the capitol to-day. I do not mean the plan of Andrew Elicott, engraved in 1792, and the one from which all copies have been made since then, but the simon-pure original paper, drawn up by Major L'Enfant in 1790, at the instance of George Washington. Elicott was an employe of L'Enfant, and he took L'Enfant's place after he left. His plan was that of L'Enfant with a few immaterial alterations, and it is that of Washington to day. In 1792 thousands of copies of Ellicot's plan were engraved similar to the copy here, and these were sent over the country and to the various capitols of Europe for the purpose of selling lots. This was, I suppose, the original or the paper city speculation of the frontier. Washington was a wilderness of swamp and trees at the time, but to look at the plan of Ellicott you would suppose it rivaled Paris in its magnificence. The President's house is engraved upon the street, the public buildings are represented and the parks, squares, reservations, gardens and statues represents a city of 50,000 people.

It is all laid out in lots, and this plot was put by the commissioners into the hands of agents all over the world to sell lots seven or eight years before the capital was moved from Philadelphia.

L'Enfant's plan, which was never engraved, is yellow with age and worn with use. The lines marking the lots have paled until they are almost invisible. In a dozen places it is torn, and certain colors of ink maintained on the margin have disappeared entirely. It has lately been put under glass in a closed walnut case, and the old architect who has charge of it rarely shews it except when absolutely necessary. I don't suppose a dozen men in the country know of its existence. The plot itself is elegantly gotten up, the writing is like copper plate, and the whole work is as beautiful as that of a counterfeiter. From the marginal notes one sees that certain ideas were held in 1790 as to the national capital which were never carried into effect.

One was for a national church and the reference to the point and where the patent office now is, says: "This church is intended to be for national purposes, such as public prayer, thanksgiving, funeral orations, etc. It is not to be assigned to the use of any particular sect or denomination, but is to be equally open to all. It will likewise be a proper shelter for such monuments as were voted by the last Continental Congress for those heroes who fell in the cause of liberty, and for such others as may hereafter be decreed by a voice of a grateful nation."

A historic column was to be located on point B, which should be one mile from the federal house or capitol, and should form the measure of distances for the continent of America. On point C a naval column was to be erected to celebrate the foundation of the American navy, and it stands there as a monument of its rise and its achievements.

A Texas hen sat for three days on a nest full of hail stones and hatched out a cyclone. She has not been seen since.

Life On a Train.

"The fellow who runs a passenger train has some queer experiences and sees some strange sights," said a loquacious conductor at the union depot, in Chicago, the other day. Incidents enough come to my notice in a year to make up a volume of the rich, rare and racy sort, if one could take the trouble to compile them."

"You are brought in contact with a great variety of characters, no doubt," remarked a reporter.

"With every variety under the sun. Prominent among them are the spoony lovers and newly married couples. You'll find them mostly on the rear seats. They want positions, you know, where there is nobody behind them. Just as it used to be when you were a boy, and you and some other fellow took two girls and went riding in the old man's carryall. You always wanted the back seat and so did your girl, and so did the other fellow and his girl. When you get on the back seat there isn't so much, you know, to disturb the wild current of a fellow's attention to his girl. In the Pullman cars there are state rooms almost as private as state rooms on boat."

"Bridal couples you meet almost every day?"

Yes, and it's amusing to watch them sometimes. Human silliness usually reaches its climax when a newly married couple begin their honeymoon. Who ever saw a bride and bridegroom on a wedding tour who could let each other alone, and not give themselves dead away by their demeanor? The palace-car or the sleeping car porter gets on to a newly married couple as quick as he does on an unslacked pair of boots. The hotel waiters detect them surely and unerringly, and the bell boy and the chambermaid scent their game and grow extra attentive and more than usually numerous, in the expectation that the happy bridegroom will do the handsome thing in the way of fees. About a week ago I had a couple on my train that attracted more than ordinary attention on account of their advanced age. The bridegroom was about 75 years old, and the bride not much younger. They were a precious pair of ancient turtle doves and no mistake.

Confidence men? Well, yes, they continue to work the trains to some extent, though not as much as formerly. The railroad companies have detectives constantly on the lookout for sharpers, and the roads running out from Chicago are now comparatively free from them. They are giving their attention mostly to new roads in the north and west, such as the Northern Pacific, where I understand they are as thick as fleas. Three card men have had their day in railroad work. People have learned to be afraid of them, no matter how cleverly they play the green, country gawk, nor how simple their little game may appear. If Canada Bill were alive, I suppose he could still make the racket pan out well, but he has never had a successor equal to him. Bill had the cheek once to write a letter to the president of the Union Pacific offering him $10,000 a year for the privilege of working the trains on that road."

"Is a conductor's life a pleasant one, in the main?"

"It has its ups and downs, its dangers and its hardships, but it has its bright side, too. The bitterest pill a conductor has to swallow is the knowledge that he is almost constantly watched by spies and spotters hired by the company; but the company is not to be blamed for taking this precaution. The conductor is exposed to temptation, and, as I said, human nature is the same on the railroad as elsewhere."

Longevity in the Different States.

A student of the reports of the tenth census has compiled a table for the Boston *Commonwealth* for the purpose of showing in what State or States one has the best chance for a long life. New Hampshire seems to him to be the best refuge of green old age, for he finds that one seventy-fourth of the inhabitants are at least 80 years old. The proportion among the native white males is 1 to 80, but the environment in New Hampshire seems to have been even more favorable to the preservation of life in the other sex, for the proportion of native white females is 1 in 53. Other New England states do not contain quite so many old persons, the average proportion for the six being 1 in 134. Coming to New York, he finds that for one person who has reached the age of 80 there are 161 who have not been so fortunate, and in the three Middle States the average proportion is 1 in 182. As he goes southward he discovers a greater preponderance of young blood, for in six South Atlantic States the average proportion is 1 in 203. The Gulf States afford a less attractive shelter for the aged, for the average is 1 in 300. In Texas, where so many worthy persons die with their boots on in the prime of life, only one octogenarian can be found in a group of 497 citizens. The average rises again in the interior States east of the Mississippi but in the Great Lake States it falls to 1 in 263, a good old age being attained with the greatest difficulty in the wealthy and prosperous State of Illinois. In seven States west of the Mississippi river the aged rarely appear, for the average proportion is 1 in 453. In Iowa a crop of 334 persons yields only one who has reached the age of four score. In Minnesota, Nebraska and Kansas, only one of these aged citizens can be found in a group that would yield two in Iowa, and in Colorado 1,150 inhabitants must pass in review before an octogenarian comes in sight. The old are even more rare in Nevada, but in California and Oregon the population is nearly one in 560. If the inhabitants of the whole country could be assembled in 227 groups, it would be possible to place at the head of each group one patriarch of eighty or more years. So our student, assuming that long life is the inalienable right of those who reside in New Hampshire, Vermont and Maine, cries: "Flee to the mountains of New England for health and longevity!"

The Gentleman.

To find a satisfactory definition of gentleman is as difficult as to discover the philosopher's stone, and yet if we may not say what a gentleman is, we can certainly say what he is not. We may affirm indisputably that a man, however rich, and of however fine a title in countries where rank is acknowledged, if he behave selfishly, coarsely, and indecently, is not a gentleman. "From which, young gentlemen, it follows," as the good professor used to say at college, as he emerged from a hopeless labyrinth of postulates and preliminaries an hour long, that the guests who abused the courtesy of their hosts, upon the late transcontinental trip to drive the golden spike, may have been persons of social eminence, but were in no honorable sense gentlemen.

It is undoubtedly a difficult word to manage. But gentlemanly conduct and ungentlemanly conduct are expressions which are perfectly intelligible, and that fact shows that there is a distinct standard in every intelligent mind by which behavior is measured. To say that a man was born a gentleman means not at all that he is courteous, refined, and intelligent, but only that he was born of a family whose circumstances at some time had been easy and agreeable, and which belonged to a traditionally "good society." But such a man may be false and mean, and ignorant and coarse. Is he a gentleman because he was born such? On the other hand, the child of long generations of ignorant and laborious boors may be humane, honorable, and modest, but with total ignorance of the usages of good society. He may be as upright as Washington, as unselfish as Sidney, as brave as Bayard, as modest as Falkland. But he may also outrage all the little social proprieties. Is he a gentleman because he is honest and modest and humane? In describing Lovelace, should we not say that he was a gentleman? Should we naturally say so of Burns? But, again, is it not a joke to describe George the Fourth as a gentleman, while it would be impossible to deny the name to Major Dobbin?—Editor's Easy Chair, in *Harper's Magazine for December*.

All Sorts.

Hard to beat—a china egg.

"Yes," said a South Side dealer the other day, "I must get 'Bacon's Essays,' for I want to post up on pork."

Some people have no more sense than to ask a man who is addressed by the title of "Colonel" in what war he was.

"No, sir," said Fogg. "I never knew Brown to mislead anybody in his life. "No, sir; fact is, he couldn't. Nobody would believe anything he ever said."

A letter can now be sent to any part of the country for two cents, and if you don't care two cents for a person you can write him by postal card.

A lady's boudoir is a powder magazine. Preparatory to an expedition into the very heart of the enemy, she has a little brush and then raises her colors.

'What is that man's name who is talking so loud,' said a customer of a beer saloon to the Teutonic proprietor. 'I don't know vat hees name vas,' said Hans, 'but hees beesness vas a dead beat.'

At the roadmaster's office a few days since a report of material used was received with this indorsement: 'Charge to Mrs. Lane's account.' Investigation proved that miscellaneous account was intended.

Howells and Mark Twain are to combine and write a book on American humor. We shall get out of the business right away while we are yet safe. American humor won't stand much more writing about.

'Handsome is that handsome does,' quoted a Madison avenue man to his wife. 'Yes,' replied she, in winning tones. 'For instance, the man who is always ready to hand some money to his wife for fall clothes.' She won.

Pat was quite right when he said that it is a great blessing that night never comes on in the middle of the day to interfere with an honest man's work, but always when the day's work is over and a fellow is all tired out.

Concerning President Garfield's Remains.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—Colonel A. T. Rockwell, superintendent of the public buildings and grounds in speaking to-day regarding the cemetery where the late President Garfield is buried, said that he was not desirous of having a perpetual military force stationed there as reported, but he thought the body should have protection of some kind of a guard until arrangements could be completed to effectually secure it. Such arrangements he believed would soon be made. The monument committee was about ready to begin the construction of the proposed Garfield monument and as soon as the foundation should be laid the remains of the late president would be placed in them and thus secured against the possibility of theft.

HIS OWN EXECUTOR.

A Well known Gentleman's Philanthrophy and the Commotion Caused by one of His Letters.

Rochester Democrat & Chronicle.

We published on our third page yesterday morning a significant letter from a gentleman known personally or by reputation to nearly every person in the land. We have received a number of letters protesting against the use of our columns for such "palpable frauds and misrepresentations;" therefore, to confirm beyond a doubt the authenticity of the letter, and the genuineness of its sentiments, a reporter of this paper was commissioned to ascertain all the possible facts in the matter. Accordingly he visited Clifton Springs, saw the author of the letter, and with the following result:

Dr. Henry Foster, the gentleman in question, is 64 years of age and has an extremely cordial manner. He presides as superintendent over the celebrated sanitarium which accommodates 500 guests and is unquestionably the leading health resort of the country. Several years ago this benevolent man wisely determined to be his own executor, and, therefore turned over this magnificent property worth $300,000, as a free gift to a board of trustees, representing the principal evangelical denominations. Among the trustees are Bishop A. C. Coxe, Protestant Episcopal, Buffalo; Bishop Mathew Simpson, Philadelphia, Methodist Episcopal; President M. B. Anderson, of the University of Rochester; Rev. Dr. Clark, Secretary of the A. B. C. F. M., Boston. The benevolent purpose of the institution is the care: 1st. of evangelical missionaries and their families whose health has been broken in their work. 2d.—of ministers, of any denomination, in good standing. 3rd.—of members of any church; who otherwise would be unable to secure such care and treatment. The current expenses of the institution are met by the receipt from the hundreds of distinguished and wealthy people who every year crowd its utmost capacity. Here come men and women who were once in perfect health, but neglected the first symptoms of disease. The uncertain pains they felt at first were overlooked until their health became impaired. They little realized the danger before them, nor how alarming even trifling ailments might prove. They constitute all classes, including ministers and bishops, lawyers, judges, statesmen, millionaires, journalists, college professors and officials from all parts of the land.

Drawing the morning *Democrat and Chronicle* from his pocket, the reporter remarked, "Doctor, that letter of yours has created a good deal of talk, and many of our readers have questioned its authenticity."

"To what do you refer?" remarked the doctor.

"Have you not seen the paper?"

"Yes, but I have not had time to read it yet."

The reporter thereupon showed him the letter, which was as follows:

CLIFTON SPRINGS SANITARIUM Co.,
CLIFTON SPRINGS, N.Y., Nov. 11, '83.

DEAR SIR: I am using Warner's Safe Cure, and I regard it as the best remedy for some forms of kidney disease that we have. I am watching with great care some cases I am now treating with it, and I hope for favorable results.

I wish you might come down yourself, as I would like very much to talk with you about your sterling remedy and show you over our institution.

Very truly,
[Signed] HENRY FOSTER, M. D.

"I do not see why anybody should be skeptical concerning that letter," remarked the doctor.

"Isn't it unusual for a physician of your standing and influence to commend a proprietary preparation?"

"I don't know how it may be with others, but in this institution we allow no person to dictate to us what we shall use. Our purpose is to cure the sick, and for that work we use anything we know to be valuable. Because I know Warner's Safe Cure is a very valuable preparation, I commend it. As its power is manifested under my use, so shall I add to the completeness of my commendation."

"Have you ever analyzed it, doctor?"

"We always analyze before we try any preparation of which we do not know the constituents. But analysis you know, only gives the elements; it does not give the all important proportions. The remarkable power of Warner's Safe Cure undoubtedly consists in the proportions to which its elements are mixed. While there may be a thousand remedies made of the same elements, unless they are put together in proper proportions, they are worthless as kidney and liver preparation.

"I hope some day to meet Mr. Warner personally, and extend fuller congratulations to him on the excellence of his preparations. I have heard much of him as the founder of the Warner Observatory, and as a man of large benevolence. The reputed high character of the man himself gave assurance to me in the first place that he would not put a remedy on the market that was not trustworthy; and it was the source of a good deal of gratification to find out by actual experiment that the remedy itself sustained my impressions."

The conclusion reached by Dr. Foster is precisely the same found by Dr. Dio Lewis, Dr. Robert A. Gunn, Ex-Surgeon General Gallagher and others, and proves beyond a doubt the great efficacy of the remedy which has awakened so much attention in the land and rescued so many men, women and children from disease and death.

Bonnet pins two pronged, like old time forks, are ornamented with arrow heads of brilliant or small butterflies and birds enameled in natural colors.

"Have You Seen My Dear Love?" sings a newspaper poetess. We have. He was eating peanuts with another girl.

Miscellaneous.

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED

STOMACH BITTERS

Though shaken in every joint and fiber with fever and ague, or bilious remittent, the system may yet be freed from the malignant virus with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Protect the system against it with this beneficent antispasmodic, which is furthe more a supreme remedy for liver complaint, constipation, dyspepsia, d bility rheumatism, kidney troubles and other ailments

For sale by all druggists and dealers generally.

Rest not, fe is sweeping by, go and dare before you die, something mighty and sublime leave behind to conquer time. $66 a week in your own town. $5 outfit free. No risk; everything new. Capital not required. We will furnish you everything. Many are making fortunes. Ladies make as much as men, and boys and girls make great pay. Reader, if you want a business at which you can make great pay all he time you work, write for particulars to H. HALLIET & Co., Portland, Maine. jan1d6m&wly

OIL WINTERGREEN, PEPPERMINT, ETC.,

Bought for Net Cash, on receipt and approval, without charge for Commission, Brokerage, etc., by

DODGE & OLCOTT,

8 WILLIAM STREET, NEW YORK. 15-31 6m

Professional Cards.

S. D. RAY, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa.
Special attention given to the collection of claims. Office, south-west corner of Diamond, near Brockerhoff House. 13-2tf

D. H. HASTINGS. W. F. REEDER.
HASTINGS & REEDER, Attorneys-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office on Allegheny street, two doors north of office formerly occupied by the late firm of Yocum & Hastings. 13-46-1y

J. G. LOVE, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa.
Office in rooms formerly occupied by the late W. P. Wilson. ja4'71-tf

A. O. FURST, Attorney-at-Law, office in his new building, north side and opposite the Court House. 8 1-tf

CLEMENT DALE, Attorney-at-Law, office on High Street second door from First National Bank. 8 42-tf

E. M. BLANCHARD.....E. M. BLANCHARD
E. & E. M. BLANCHARD, Attorneys-at-Law, v6 1-1y High Street, Bellefonte, Pa.

C. T. ALEXANDER.....C. M. BOWERS
ALEXANDER & BOWERS, Attorneys-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Offices in Garman's building, opposite Court House. 5-1—9-82

STITZER & MAGEE, Attorneys-at-Law
Office next to Garman's hotel, in Reynolds' bank, Bellefonte, Pa. May be consulted in English or German.

D. S. KELLER, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office on Allegheny street, first door south of Lyon's new store. 5 17-1y

Physicians and Dentists.

G. M. SWARTZ, Dentist, located at Bellefonte, Pa. Office in the Myers property, on Bishop street, opposite Graham's Shoe Store. 8-23

H. K. HOY, M. D. Office in Conrad House, above Fortney's Law Office, Bellefonte, Pa. Special attention given to Operative Surgery and Chronic diseases. 13-15-1y

Banks and Bankers.

E. C. HUMES, Pres't.....J. P. HARRIS, Cash'r
FIRST NATIONAL BANK of Bellefonte Allegheny Street, Bellefonte, Pa. v6n1-1y

Shaving Saloons.

WM. MILLS
FASHIONABLE BARBER AND HAIR DRESSER.
Pleasant rooms and experienced workmen, under Centre county bank building High street, Bellefonte, Pa. aug 17 1m

M. S. GRAHAM,
FASHIONABLE BARBER
In basement of the Conrad House, Bellefonte, Pa. The best of razors, sharp and keen, always on hand. He guarantees a shave without ether pulling or pain. Perfumery, hair oil, hair restoratives, etc., constantly on hand. *Warm and Cold Baths* 5-1t

Hotels.

McMILLEN'S
NEW BROCKERHOFF HOUSE,
ALLEGHENY STREET, BELLEFONTE, PA

Good sample room on first floor. Free Bus to and from all trains. Special rates to Witnesses and Jurors. 15-9tf

COLUMBIA HOUSE,
Nos. 111 and 113 North Broad Street (above Arch
PHILADELPHIA, PENN'A.

Directly opposite Academy of Fine Arts three squares from Academy of Music and Horticultural Hall; one block from the new City Hall and the Pennsylvania railway passenger depot; adjoins the National Surgical Institution; half block from Masonic Temple, and within three squares of the Philadelphia & Reading passenger depot.

TERMS, $1.50 PER DAY.

MRS. ELIZABETH A. HUTTON *Proprietress*
14-21tf

Early History of Nittany Valley.

Prof. J. W. Ferree is writing the "History, Topography, Geology, Early Educational Advantages, Reminiscences, &c., of Nittany Valley," for the L. H. *Journal*. His second paper is devoted exclusively to Salona, but he introduces characters who were also associated with the early history of Centre county as follows:

To these heirs of George Bressler, Esq, of Lancaster county, was bequeathed a large landed estate, each one sharing in the property. They were all married. The son was the late Hon. George Bressler of Mill Hall. He came to Centre county in about the year 1812. The daughters' names were as follows: Catharine, wife of Samuel Wilson; Elizabeth, wife of Jacob Hartman; Fanny, wife of Joel Herr; Mary, (usually called "Polly") wife of Joel Ferree, (grandmother of the writer.) These four sisters came to Centre county (at that time Northumberland county) in the year 1794 Northumberland county was formed in 1772 and Centre county in 1800. Rebecca, wife of Daniel Herr, came to Centre county in 1814. Harriet, wife of Samuel Miller, came to Centre county in 1830, her husband having previously died in Lancaster. She made frequent visits to Centre and Clinton counties, visiting relatives, but never permanently resided here. They gave symmetry, complexion, and direction to this part of the valley. They all attained an unusual longevity, their mother having reached the advanced age of 107 years. Because of their protracted lives, they were properly and fitly styled the "Old Aunts," by the relatives and citizens of Salona. Their minds were well balanced. They had correct views of subjects. Hence, they were seldom deceived or misled in the affairs of life. They were not victims of imposing credulty. Their credulty was founded in the exercise of their naturally strong common sense in the fitness of things. Their sound judgment repressed the tendency to put full faith in conclusions, founded on insufficient data.

At this writing, they have all quietly passed away to the tomb. They were intimately versed in scriptures, admired for their excellencies, enduring, patience, kind, highly respected and honored. No shadows veiled their declining years. Their names are reached as splendid monuments in the history of the valley. Their old age was serene and delightful, like a beautiful evening sky without a cloud. They were borne to their final resting place in expressions of sorrow, by a large concourse of people, who delighted to esteem their heroic virtues, cherish their names, and revere their memories. "Peace to their ashes."

THE overwhelming defeat of the forces of Hicks Pasha by the False Prophet, brings a new element into the affairs of Egypt. Heretofore El Mahdi has only been recognized as a possible factor in the politics of that country, who might succeed in rising to power on the fanaticism and ignorance of his followers. Now he is the virtual ruler of an immense territory on the Upper Nile, whence he threatens the existence of the Egyptian Government. It left unsupported, the Khedive could hardly present an obstacle to the False Prophet's progress; and the disaster which has overtaken the Egyptian forces will necessarily result in continuing the English military occupation. It is even doubtful whether the English arms will be able to do more than sustain the Khedive in Lower Egypt. The hordes of fanatics who march under El Mahdi's flag will be more difficult foes to meet than the timorous troops over whom the English rode at Tel el-Kebir. The result of the False Prophet's victory will probably make the Delta an English province.

So-Journer Truth Dead.

CHICAGO, Nov. 26.—A special to the *Journal* from Battle Creek, Mich., says: "Sojourner Truth, the colored lecturess and sibyl, died here this morning, aged 108 years."

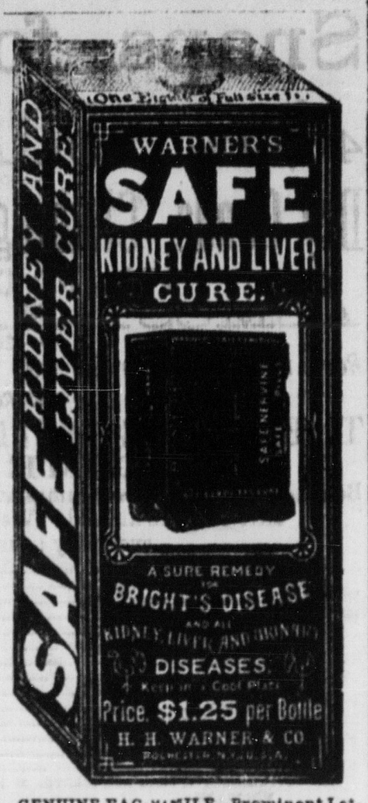
There is some dispute as to the real age of Sojourner Truth. The Rev. Samuel J. Rogers, writing of her in the *Christian at Work* of Oct. 26, quoted from a narrative of her life, prepared by a friend of hers, and printed in Boston in 1857, a statement that she was born, as nearly as she could calculate at the time the narrative was written, between the years 1797 and 1800. Two or three years before 1810 she was sold at auction as a slave, being then, according to the information obtained by Mr. Rogers, only nine years old. She was emancipated, together with the other slaves in New York, in 1827. Before the war she spoke for the anti slavery cause, her aid being esteemed by William Lloyd Garrison, Wendell Phillips, and other abolition leaders. She also spoke for temperance and woman's rights. She lectured recently in Chicago, and at the time of her death was resting preparatory to resuming work early in the spring in behalf of her favorite plan for the establishment of an African colony.

The Illinois Normal University Burned.

CAIRO, Nov. 26.—A fire at Carbondale this afternoon totally destroyed the State Normal University. Two engines were sent from here, but arrived too late to be of any service and were not taken off the cars. The origin of the fire is unknown. No lives were lost. The building was the finest in the State.

Philadelphia ladies are learning base ball; one of them has caught her husband out several times already.

Medical.


WARNER'S
SAFE
KIDNEY AND LIVER CURE.
A SURE REMEDY FOR BRIGHT'S DISEASE AND ALL KIDNEY, LIVER AND URINARY DISEASES.
Price $1.25 per Bottle
H. H. WARNER & CO.
SAFE KIDNEY AND LIVER CURE

GENUINE FAC-SIMILE—Prominent Letters, ALL white on a black ground.

Beware of dealers who attempt to palm off IMITATION, SUBSTITUTION or WORTHLESS goods which yield them a LARGER PROFIT. None are genuine without the

SAFE.

H. H. WARNER & CO., Rochester, N. Y.
13-48-3y

Telling it Very Short.

"I'll tell it, sir, in a few words if I can, but the story would fill a book if justice was done to it.

"Surely, Michael, but put it short this time so's I can squeeze it into a sheet of letter paper."

"Here you are, sir, then, and there are thousands of people here in Binghamton, N. Y., who will testify to the truth of what I say. My name is Michael Guylloyle. I am seventy-four years old. For about nine years I was almost shut out from the world by rheumatism. I had peddled small wares in this city for years, and had to stop altogether. At the best of times I could only hobble miserably about with my cane. I was bent nearly double with pain and weakness, and my hands were useless to labor with. I was but the poor wreck of a once strong man. None of the medicines usually given for rheumatism did me the least good, sir. My old friends and customers forgot me, as though I were under ground.

"With the end of my nose and the tips of my toes
Turned up to the roots of the daisies."

My days and nights were doleful and painful. I had no hope except in death. That is God's truth, and Mr. Mosher, here, knows it.

"I can't tell you how, but PARKER'S TONIC cured me. That was three years ago. I'm lively as a cricket now, sir, and go my business rounds every day, rain or shine. You may tell this to all the world, and refer the doubters to me."

This preparation which has been known as PARKER'S GINGER TONIC, will be called simply PARKER'S TONIC. This change is made for two reasons: first because ginger is an unimportant flavoring ingredient, and secondly, because unprincipled dealers deceive their customers by substituting inferior preparations under the name of ginger.

There is no change, however, in the preparation itself, and all bottles remaining in the hands of dealers, wrapped under the name of PARKER'S GINGER TONIC, contain the genuine medicine if the fac-simile signature of HISCOX & Co. is at the bottom of the outside wrapper.

15 18 1y

HOLDSTEINS

AROMANNA

AN ABSOLUTE CURE FOR

Dyspepsia, Liver and Kidney Diseases.

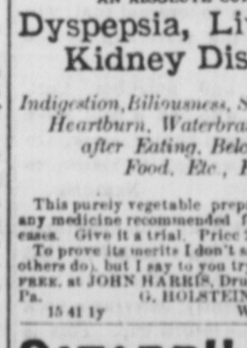
Indigestion, Biliousness, Sick Headache, Heartburn, Waterbrash Distress after Eating, Belching of Food, Etc., Etc.

This purely vegetable preparation surpasses any medicine recommended for the above diseases. Give it a trial. Price 25 and 75 cents.

To prove its merits I don't say to you buy (as others do), but I say to you try a sample bottle FREE, at JOHN HARRIS, Druggist, Bellefonte, Pa. G. HOLSTEIN, Proprietor, Woodbury, N. J.

15 41 1y

CATARRH



HAY-FEVER

Apply by little finger into the nostrials. By absorbtion it effectually cleanses the nasal passages of catarrhal virus, causing healthy secretions. It allays inflammation, protects the membranal linings of the head from additional colds, completely heals the sores and restores the sense of taste and smell. Beneficial results are realized by a few applications. A thorough treatment will cure. Unequaled for colds in head. Agreeable to use. Send for circular. Sold by druggists. By mail 50c a package—stamps.

ELY BROTHERS, *Druggists*, Owego, N. Y
15-48-4t

THE GREAT PILE REMEDY.

Dr. M. P. BARKER'S, COSOIDES are a sure cure for Blind Bleeding or Itching Piles. Thousands have used them with most satisfactory results, after all other treatment had failed. Can be sent by mail. Price $1.00 per box. Circulars sent if requested. Sold only by M. L. HANNA, New Castle, Pa. 15-48 tf

Wilson & McFarlane—Hardware.

HARDWARE,

STOVES.

WILSON, M'FARLANE & CO.

Have for sale in HEATING STOVES,

THE CROWNING GLORY

OF BASE BURNERS.

This Stove is well named. It has a Diving Flue in front, making it a Front Heater.

Immense Radiating Surface.

ALSO,

FORT ORANGE AND EASTLAKE.

We would call your attention to

The Welcome Home Heaters,

DOUBLE AND SINGLE.

Beautifully finished in Nickel. Our line of COOK STOVES and RANGES is complete.

CALL AND SEE US.

Shall We Let the Child Die?

A hard-hearted political economist, looking at a pale and puny child feebly gasping as it lies upon a pillow, says that the child might as well die. It is so weak and poor that its life will never be worth much anyhow. There are already a good many people in the world who are of not much account anyhow. And what's the use of adding to their number another weakling, who has but slender chance of ever amounting to anything?

Now ask that child's mother what she thinks about letting the child die. About this time the hard political economist had better get out of the way. *"Let my child die? No! No! As long as there is a remedy to be found that will save that child, the child shall not die! I'll spend my last dollar to save the child!"* Well, try a bottle of BROWN'S IRON BITTERS on that child. See the poor little fellow pick up strength. He revives. He will live. Hosts of other children have been brought almost from death to healthy life by Brown's Iron Bitters. Your druggist sells it. 8

15-50-1y

Miscellaneous.

FITS STOPPED FREE *Marvelous success.* Insane Persons Restored Dr. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER

for all BRAIN & NERVE DISEASES. *Only sure cure for Nerve Affections: Fits, Epilepsy, etc.* INFALLIBLE if taken as directed. *No Fits after first day's use.* Treatise and $2 trial bottle free to Fit patients, they paying express charges on box when received. Send name, P. O. and express address of afflicted to DR. KLINE, 931 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa. Sold by Druggists. *BEWARE OF IMITATIONS AND FRAUDS.*

15-22 1y

W. P. Duncan & Co.,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

ENGINEERS & MACHINISTS

BELLEFONTE

PATENT WATER WHEEL,

Steam Engines,

CIRCULAR SAW MILLS,

ROLLING MILL

AND

Grist Mill Machinery.

5 46a813-tf

F. P. GREEN.

DRUGGIST.

Bush House Building, Bellefonte. Keeps constantly on hand, or orders on short notice, a full assortment of everything usually kept in a first class drug store. Particular attention given to preparing physician's prescriptions, and family receipes. 6 1 1y

GUIDE TO SUCCESS in BUSINESS and SOCIETY.

The most universally useful book ever published. It tells completely HOW TO DO EVERYTHING in the best way. How to be Your Own Lawyer, How to do Business Correctly and Successfully, How to Act in Society and Everywhere. A gold mine of varied information to all classes for constant reference. **AGENTS WANTED** for all or spare time. To know why this book of REAL value and attractions sells better than any other, apply for terms to

STANDARD PUBLISHING CO.,
aug29 6m 610 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Miscellaneous.

PENNSYLVANIA

STATE COLLEGE.

Fall Term Opens Sept. 12, 1883.

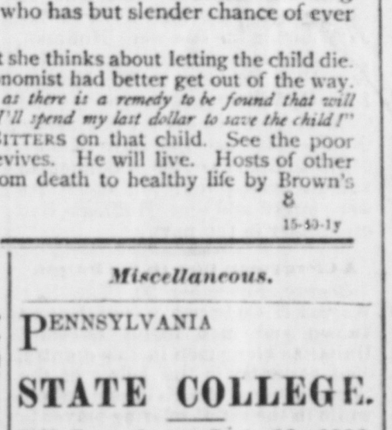
Examinations for admission, September 11 and 12.

This institution is located in one of the most beautiful and healthful spots of the entire Allegheny region. It is open to students of both sexes, and offers the following Courses of Study:

1. A Full Classical Course of four years.
2. A Full Scientific Course of four years.
3. The following SPECIAL COURSES, of two years each, following the first two years of the full Scientific Course: (a) AGRICULTURE; (b) NATURAL HISTORY; (c) CHEMISTRY AND PHYSICS; (d) CIVIL ENGINEERING.
4. A short SPECIAL COURSE in Agriculture
5. A short SPECIAL COURSE in Chemistry.
6. A Classical and Scientific Preparatory Course.

Military drill is required. Expenses for board and incidentals very low. Tuition free. Young ladies under charge of a competent lady Principal.

For Catalogues, or other information, address GEO. W. ATHERTON, *President*, *State College, Centre Co., Pa.*
14-25-tf



15-21-1y 15 43 2m

Drs. J. N. & J. B. Hobensack,

No. 206 Second st., Above Race,

PHILADELPHIA.

For 30 years have been engaged in treatment of Secret Diseases as regular practitioners. Read "Wisdom in a Nutshell." Sent to any address on receipt of a three-cent stamp. Useful information to the afflicted.

Office hours from 8 a. m. to 2 p. m., and from 6 to 9 p. m. Consultations by mail strictly private and confidential. 15-30-1y*

Miscellaneous.

(Continued from last week.)

How Watch Cases are Made.

It is a fact not generally known that the *James Boss' Gold Watch Cases* really contain more *pure gold* than many "solid" gold cases The demand for these watch cases has led to the manufacture of a very poor grade of solid gold watch cases—low in quality, and deficient in quantity. These cases are made from 4½ to 10 karats, and a 5 or 6 karat case is often sold for 12 or 14 karats. It is NOT economy to buy a watch case so poor in quality that it will soon lose its color, or one so soft that it will lose its shape and fail to shut tight, thus letting in dust and damaging the works, or one so thin that a slight blow will break the crystal, and perhaps the movement. It IS economy to buy a *James Boss' Gold Watch Case*, in which NONE of these things ever occur. This watch case is *not an experiment*—it has been made nearly *thirty years*.

HAZLETON, Pa., Oct. 24, 1882.
I sold two James Boss' Gold Watch Cases thirty years ago, when they first came out, and they are in good condition yet. One of them is carried by a carpenter, Mr. L. W. Drake, of Hazleton, and only shows the wear in one or two places; the other by Mr. Bowman, of Cunningham, Pa.; and I can produce one or both of these cases at any time.
SYLVESTER ENGLE, *Jeweler.*

Send 2 cent stamp to Keystone Watch Case Factories, Philadelphia, Pa., for handsome Illustrated Pamphlet showing how James Boss' and Keystone Watch Cases are made.

(*To be Continued.*) 4

15 36 1y

TUTT'S PILLS

INDORSED BY PHYSICIANS, CLERGYMEN AND THE AFFLICTED EVERYWHERE.

THE GREATEST MEDICAL TRIUMPH OF THE AGE.

TUTT'S PILLS CURE SICK HEADACHE.
TUTT'S PILLS CURE DYSPEPSIA.
TUTT'S PILLS CURE CONSTIPATION.
TUTT'S PILLS CURE PILES.
TUTT'S PILLS CURE FEVER AND AGUE.
TUTT'S PILLS CURE BILIOUS COLIC.
TUTT'S PILLS CURE KIDNEY Complaint.
TUTT'S PILLS CURE TORPID LIVER.
TUTT'S PILLS IMPART APPETITE.

DR. TUTT has succeeded in combining in these pills the heretofore antagonistic qualities of a STRENGTHENING, PURGATIVE, and a PURIFYING TONIC.

Their first apparent effect is to increase the appetite by causing the food to properly assimilate. Thus the system is nourished, and by their tonic action on the digestive organs, regular and healthy evacuations are produced.

The rapidity with which PERSONS TAKE ON FLESH while under the influence of these pills, indicates their adaptability to nourish the body, hence their efficacy in curing nervous debility, melancholy, dyspepsia, wasting of the muscles, sluggishness of the liver, chronic constipation, and imparting health & strength to the system. Sold everywhere.

Price 25 cents.
Office 53 Murray Street, NEW YORK.

A MAN

WHO IS UNACQUAINTED WITH THE GEOGRAPHY OF THIS COUNTRY WILL SEE BY EXAMINING THIS MAP

CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND & PACIFIC RY

By the central position of its line, connects the East and the West by the shortest route, and carries passengers, without change of cars, between Chicago and Kansas City, Council Bluffs, Leavenworth, Atchison, Minneapolis and St. Paul. It connects in Union Depots with all the principal lines of road between the Atlantic and the Pacific Oceans. Its equipment is unrivaled and magnificent, being composed of Most Comfortable and Beautiful Day Coaches, Magnificent Horton Reclining Chair Cars, Pullman's Prettiest Palace Sleeping Cars, and the Best Line of Dining Cars in the World. Three Trains between Chicago and Missouri River Points. Two Trains between Chicago and Minneapolis and St. Paul, via the Famous

"ALBERT LEA ROUTE."

A New and Direct Line, via Seneca and Kankakee, has recently been opened between Richmond, Norfolk, Newport News, Chattanooga, Atlanta, Augusta, Nashville, Louisville, Lexington, Cincinnati, Indianapolis and Lafayette, and Omaha, Minneapolis and St. Paul and intermediate points.

All Through Passengers Travel on Fast Express Trains.

Tickets for sale at all principal Ticket Offices in the United States and Canada.

Baggage checked through and rates of fare always as low as competitors that offer less advantages.

For detailed information, get the Maps and Folders of the

GREAT ROCK ISLAND ROUTE,

At your nearest Ticket Office, or address

E. R. CABLE, Vice-Pres. & Gen'l Mgr. E. ST. JOHN, Gen'l Tkt. & Pass. Agt. CHICAGO.

15 40 1y

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS

FOR THE

LIVER

And all Bilious Complaints.

Safe to take, being purely vegetable; no griping Price 25 cents. All Druggists.

15 47 4t.

The Caterer

And Household Magazine,

Conducted by JAS. W. PARKINSON, and devoted to the table and other matters of interest to the home. Issued on the first of every month. Terms, $2.00 a year; single numbers, 20 cents. News dealers and the trade generally supplied by the American News Company and its branches throughout the United States and the Canadas. A specimen number sent to any address on the receipt of 15 cents in stamps.

Address E. C. WHITTON, Publisher, 1013 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, Pa. 15-22tf

Bellefonte Republican.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

EDWARD T. TUTEN.

The BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN is published every Wednesday at Bellefonte, Centre county Pennsylvania,

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

One year, in advance.....$2 00
If not paid for within 6 months..... 2 50
If not paid for until expiration of year..... 3 00

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Special notices inserted in our local columns at 20 cents per line for each insertion.

Editorial notices in our columns, 25 cents per line for each insertion.

Marriage or death announcements published free of charge. Obituary notices, ten lines in length, free exceeding ten lines, five cents per line.

Professional or Business Cards, not exceeding five lines, this type, $8.00 per annum.

All advertisements for a less term than three months, twenty cents per line for the first three insertions, and five cents per line for each additional insertion.

SPACE OCCUPIED.	3 mos.	6 mos.	1 year.
1 inch (12 lin' this typ'e)	$ 5 00	$ 8 00	$ 12 00
Two inches	7 00	10 00	15 00
Three inches	10 00	15 00	20 00
Four inches	11 00	17 00	25 00
Quarter column	12 00	20 00	30 00
Half column	20 00	35 00	55 00
One column	35 00	55 00	125 00

To insure insertion, advertisements MUST be in no later than Monday noon.

All advertisements, whether displayed or blank lines, measured by lines of this type.

All advertisements due after the first insertion.

JOB DEPARTMENT.

We have now the very best facilities for doing first-class Job Work, and solicit the patronage of all friends of the paper, together with all others who desire to obtain good work at fair prices.

We have the best workmen, the best presses and the best type to be found anywhere.

Address all communications, relating to business, to

EDWARD T. TUTEN, Proprietor,
Bellefonte, Pa.

LATEST TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

Incendiarism in Milwaukee.

MILWAUKEE, Nov. 28.—There have been nine incendiary fires in the Fourth ward within a month past, and no trace can be got of the authors of them. The chief of the fire department thinks they were the work of men discharged from the force, as the hose has been cut at nearly every fire. The police suspect some of the boys of the Fourth ward, who have a "Buffalo Bill" organization, and are carrying arms and are intimidating people after dark. Two lads of fourteen years are now under arrest for shooting a car driver named North, in an attempt to rob him of his money box. It is thought that the novel reading striplings of the city have been setting the fires. The police force of the ward afflicted has been doubled and a tower watch has been instituted by the chief of the fire department. The chief of police to-day received a letter threatening him with assassination and adding that the town will be burned if work is not soon furnished. A large number of workingmen are now idle. Mayor Stowell has been besought of late by numerous applicants, but he puts no faith in the threatening letter, believing it to be but the mouthing of some idiot. The local underwriters have held several meetings and to-night offered a reward of $500 for the capture and conviction of the incendiaries, and the mayor has also offered $250 on behalf of the city. The residents of the Fourth ward are in a state of terror.

Working for a Wife.

SALEM, N. C., Nov. 28.—James Buck, an old white man living near Bodkin, owned a small farm, upon which he and his only daughter lived. She was aged twenty-two and plain. Buck saw the chance of making a profitable crop of tobacco if he could get someone to assist him and his daughter in the field, but was so poor that his poverty prevented his securing labor. Richard Turney, a young man, moved in the neighborhood about fourteen months ago. He became enamored of Buck's daughter, and the father determined to turn the affection to account.

So he agreed if the young man could assist him on the farm for one year he would give him a double-barrelled shot gun and his daughter, Turney agreeing. The term of service expired to-day. Buck gave him the shot gun, and then, calling the daughter in, asked her to agree to become Turney's wife. She refused to do so, urging that she had already given her heart to another, to whom she was to be married to-night. Turney went off in a terrible rage, and threatens to sue the old man for $5000 for breach of contract and get an injunction restraining the girl from marrying his rival.

A Burglar Caught by Clergymen.

BETHLEHEM, Nov. 29.—William Sutherland broke into the residence of Rev. Mr. Koptin, of Hellertown, at 2 o'clock this morning. The noise of the breaking windows awakened Mr. Koptin and his son-in-law, Rev. Silas Lowry, who is visiting him, and they succeeded in capturing the burglar and held him until High Constable J. N. Moyer, who was sent for, arrived. Sutherland spent the night in the lock-up and this morning was committed to jail at Easton. Sutherland, who is a big, burly fellow, was employed by Harris & Brown seven years ago, at Hellertown, and was known as "Jack, the Rigger."

Will Form a Syndicate.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., November 30.—It is reported that the Winchester arms company, of New Haven, the Union metallic cartridge company of Bridgeport, and the large cartridge company in Lowell, have combined and will in the future act together as a syndicate controling the cartridge manufacturing industry of this country.

Crime in Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 30.—At 1 o'clock this morning Frank Atkins, living in the northeastern portion of the city, known as Walnut Hill, was awakened by firing. He found a street car standing still. As he approached it a man stepped off the car and fired at him and ran. Entering the car he found John Cosgrove, the driver, and William Swift, the conductor, bleeding and unconscious on the floor. He drove the car to the stable and called a surgeon. The men remained unconscious. Their wounds being in the abdomen are supposed to be necessarily fatal. There are no witnesses to the shooting, but parties who get off the car before the shooting tell of a quarrel between the conductor and a passenger. This passenger is supposed to be the man who did the shooting.

Harry Shaffer, a young man employed by Merrie, Verbage & Co., has been arrested and confesses that he shot the men. He says he had been drinking, but was not intoxicated; that the conductor quarreled with him about his fare, and threatened to whip him at the end of the route; that the conductor and driver at the end of the route assaulted him, and he fired in self-defense.

The driver, John Cosgrove, is dead. He made a statement that Shaffer was fighting on the car with the conductor. He tried to help the conductor, when Shaffer fired. Swift, the conductor, may recover. He says Shaffer was drunk and refused to get off at the end of the route; that he tried to put him off, when the firing began.

A Crisis in Spain.

LONDON, November 28.—The Madrid correspondent of the *Times* says that although the visit of the Crown Prince Frederick William has brought about a truce between the rival dynastic and liberal factions, the political crisis during the past few days has reached an acute stage. It is possible, the same correspondent says, that the moment Prince Frederick William leaves Madrid for Berlin the Spanish cabinet will fall to pieces, owing to differences in regard to the terms of the speech from the throne.

BERLIN, November 28.—Emperor William, at a reception given last evening to the president and vice president of the lower house of the Prussian diet, expressed in strong terms his confidence that the peace of Europe would be maintained, and referred in that connection to the good relations of Germany and Russia.

Flight of a Pension Swindler.

BETHLEHEM, Nov. 29.—Frederick G. Hoffman left town yesterday morning for parts unknown. It is charged that Hoffman applied to the Pension Office at Washington for a pension, which he claimed was due to a deceased brother, who, he represented, was killed while in the navy during the late war. Hoffman, it is alleged, forged the names of Rt. Rev. H. A. Shultz, C. W. Krause, John C. Wilber, notary public, and C. M. Anstett, justice of the peace. On Tuesday last Detective Kelley, of Philadelphia, arrived in Bethlehem and discovered that the signatures were forged and that Hoffman had no brother in the navy.

A Clergyman Dies in the Pulpit.

BOSTON, November 30.—The Rev. Warren H. Cudworth, one of the best known and most highly esteemed Unitarian clergymen in this country, died yesterday in the pulpit of the Congregational church in east Boston, while in the act of offering prayer in a union Thanksgiving service. He uttered a few words, and suddenly halting, he said: "I must stop here," and falling on his back he died in about ten minutes, and did not again speak. Mr. Cudworth burst an artery in his nose on November 18, and told his friends at that time that he thought it a premonition of death.

No Aid to a New Isthmus Canal.

PARIS, Nov. 29.—The '*Gaulois*' states that before leaving London M. de Lesseps held interviews with Mr. Gladstone and Earl Granville, who assured him that the English government had not ceased to recognize the monopoly of the canal company to the Isthmus of Suez, and they repeated their promise to M. de Lesseps that England would do nothing to facilitate the making by any company of a second canal.

Twenty-five Hundred Mill Hands Idle.

LONDON, Nov. 28.—Twenty-five hundred operatives in Sir Titus Salts' mills, at Bradford, have been thrown out of employment in consequence of a strike of sixty spinners. Seventy-five thousand cotton operatives in Northeast Lancashire have determined to resist the masters' proposals to reduce wages five per cent. A great strike is probable.

A Door-Boy Instantly Killed.

SHENANDOAH, Pa., Nov. 28.—William Dunstein, door boy at the Lehigh Valley Coal Company's Packer Colliery, was instantly killed this morning. A train of loaded cars was being taken out and Dunstein attempted to ride through the gangway, but missed his hold, fell under the wheels and was run over. He was fifteen years of age and lived at Lost Creek.

A Novel Dramatic Company.

NEW YORK, Nov. 28.—A dramatic company, composed of nine adult males and females, the tallest of whom is forty-six inches high, arrived to-day on the steamer Lessing from Hamburg, and will shortly appear at the Thalia Theatre. The company has appeared in all the cities of Germany, and in London and Paris.

Carlisle's Candidacy.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 1.—General Rosecrans called the democratic caucus to order. Mr. Geddes, of Ohio, was selected as chairman, and Messrs. Willis, of Kentucky, and Dibble, of South Carolina, were chosen secretaries and Messrs. Caldwell, of Tennessee, and Stockslager, of Indiana, tellers. A vote call disclosed the presence of one hundred and eighty-four members. Four other members came in subsequently, making the total attendance one hundred and eighty-eight.

Nominations for the speakership were declared to be in order and candidates were placed in nomination as follows: John G. Carlisle, by Colonel Morrison, of Illinois; Samuel J. Randall, by ex-Governor Curtin of Pennsylvania, and S. S. Cox, by General Slocum, of New York. The roll was called by states and the progress of the voting, as each successive member answered to his name, was watched with keen interest. Frequent messages repeating the footings of private tally-lists from time to time were dispatched to the respective candidates outside the hall, and it soon became evident that Mr. Carlisle had won the contest. At the conclusion of the roll call the vote stood as follows: Carlisle 106, Randall 52, Cox 30.

The result of the vote having been officially announced, Governor Curtin moved that Mr. Carlisle's nomination be made unanimous, which was immediately done, and the chair appointed Messrs. Randall, Cox and Curtin as a committee to notify him of the caucus' action.

Candidates for the clerkship were then placed in nomination and, the viva voce being still pursued, were voted for as follows: First roll-call—John B. Clarke, of Missouri, 91; J. D. C. Atkins, of Tennessee, 93, William Martin, of Delaware, 5; total, 189; no choice. Second vote—Clarke, 95; Atkins, 92; Martin, 2. Ex-Congressman Clarke thus received a majority vote and the nomination.

ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS

Burglars at Zion.

On Wednesday night, November 21, burglars entered the church and school house located at Zion, this county. From the church they took a round nickle clock, a large Testament and a red table cover, and from the school house they took a dictionary. It is believed that the burglars were after a silver communion service which had lately been purchased, and which they thought was in the church, but it was not there at all. Suspicion rests upon certain parties who are notorious for the amount of petty thieving they have been doing in various parts of the county. Let all our readers be on their guard against these fellows and if they happen to discover their identity notify the church and school house authorities at Zion, who are threatening vengeance and are prepared to deal it out in allopathic doses at any time.

—A meeting was recently held in Milesburg for the purpose of considering the most advisable means to secure the right of way through that place for the Bellefonte and Beech Creek railroad, and we understand that the citizens of that vicinity agreed to assume all the responsibility, and that part of the route may now be considered all right. Now let the property owners from Milesburg to Howard and from Howard to Beech Creek meet and do the same thing. While the railroad will help Bellefonte immensely its benefits will also be felt in every village on the route.

OBITUARY.

GRANGER.—On the 15th of November, after a brief illness, Sarah Granger, wife of Albert G. Granger, of Battin precinct, Webster Co., Nebraska, aged 71 years.

The deceased was the daughter of John Reed, of Centre county, Pa. Sister Granger was a faithful and devoted wife and fond mother.

Her funeral sermon was preached by the writer, after which her remains were taken to the cemetery followed by many of her sympathizing friends and neighbors.

REV. J. FERGUSON.

—Sheriff Dunkle's absence from town is owing to his journey to the Western Penitentiary, Allegheny, with three prisoners in charge. They are Alf. Bowers, for uncoupling a passenger train at Julian some time ago, 3 years and 6 months; David Hicks, horse thief, 3 years and 6 months, and Norris, also a horse thief, 1 year and 6 months.

—The three young men convicted on Saturday morning of assault and battery on John Delige (colored) were disposed of on Monday afternoon at two o'clock. A fine was imposed and sentence suspended during good behavior. Consequently they are now free and we hope will profit by their experience.

—There was a brilliant wedding at Centre Hall on Thursday, the contracting parties being Dr. Kline, of Potter's Bank and Miss Boal, of the former place.

Lyon & Co.

Snaps for You!!

Our way of selling off a large Winter Stock at Short Notice.

40,000 DOLLARS' WORTH
—OF—
Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots and Shoes,
HATS AND CAPS, Etc., at
ALMOST HALF PRICE.

Read this through to the end. This is something that will strike you.

THEN COME WITH YOUR SHEKELS.
COME SOON,

Because we will offer some things at less than we can replace them for after they are all sold. We can't pick up such bargains every day: just some chances.

Wool Brocades, fine Dress Goods	15c. a yard, elsewhere 30c.
Another lot at	8c. a yard.
One lot of good Ginghams	7c. "
One lot of best Ginghams	9c. "
White Bed Spreads	45c.
Canton Flannels	5c. a yard.
Best Calicos	4c. "
Best Shirting	8c. "
Plaid Flannels	10c. "
Red Table Linen	18c. "
Double-width Cashmeres	18c. "
All wool black and colored Cashmeres	37c. "
Red Plaid Flannels	17c. "
Ladies' Cloth Cashmeres	15c. "
All wool Cashmeres, black and colored, at least one-third cheaper than anywhere else.	
Plaid Dress Goods	6, 8 and 10c. "
Appleton A Muslin	7½c. "
Red all wool Flannels	from 15c. up.
One extra quality black Silk	50 and 75c. a yard, other places, $1 00 and $1 25.
One lot extra quality black Silk	$1 00, elsewhere $1 50.
One lot extra superb quality black Silk	1 25, elsewhere 2 00.
One lot extra heavy superb quality black silk	$1 75, elsewhere $2 50 and 3 00.
Colored Silks, extra heavy	75c. in all the new shades.
Colored Silks	from 50c. a yard up.
A new superb quality all silk satin Rhadems	75c., city price, $1 50.
The finest quality, 1½ yards wide, all wool Dress Cloths and Flannels, $1 00 per yard. Same quality elsewhere	1 25 per yard.
Silk Plushes, from	75c. up.
Silk Velvet, from	$1 00 and $1 25 up.
Velveteen, from	35c. up.
Colored Blankets, from	75c. a pair up.
White Blankets, from	$1 65 a pair up.
Undershirts and Drawers, from	20c. up.
Ladies' Hose	four pair for 25c.
Children's Hose	four pair for 25c.
Men's Socks	four pair for 25c.
Men's Wool Hose	18c. elsewhere 30c.
Men's very fine seamless, all wool hose	18c. a pair.

MEN'S SHOES AT HALF PRICE.

Ladies' good A Calf	$1 00 per pair.
Ladies' good Calf Shoes	1 25 "
Children's	25, 30 and 40c. "
Ladies' Button Shoes	from $1 00 a pair up.
" " " fine quality	from 1 50 "
" " " best quality, warranted	$1 50 and 2 00
" " " French Kid	2 50 to 3 50

WRIGHT'S BEST ROCHESTER MAKE.

Men's heavy Winter Pants	75c. a pair
" " "	1 00, 1 25 and 1 50 "
Children's Suits	from 1 90 up.
Boys' Overcoats	
Men's Overcoats	3 00, 4 00, 4 50, 5 00 and up.
Men's all wool Suits	from 6 00 up.
Men's fine Boots	2 00 a pair.
Men's heavy Boots	1 50 "
Boys' Boots	1 00 "
Boys' Boots	1 25 "
Ladies' Castor and Kid Gloves	25c. "
Men's Castor and Buck Gloves	from 50c. up.
Men's heavy Buck Gloves	from 75c. up.

We have no space to mention all the bargains we have, but we have $40,000 worth of stock which shall go in the next 30 days at almost half price. Send for samples. Call on us and save money. Money returned if purchase is not satisfactory.

Ladies' and Children's Dolmans, Coats, Ulsters and Circulars—the largest stock and marked down 35 per cent. from last month's prices.

LYON & CO.,
15-77tf BELLEFONTE, PA.

Martha and Port Matilda Items.

Dr. S. U. Harshbarger has moved into his new home and is still improving the premises by the erection of several smaller buildings. The Doctor's next enterprise will probably be the erection of an office. Well, the Doctor's practice is large and still increasing and he can afford these investments that administer to his comfort.

Abednego Stephens, Martin Dennings, George Fugate and Aaron Woodring were out on a hunt on Thanksgiving and were quite successful. They shot two deer and saw a very large bear. His Bearship was so immense that Mr. Woodring mistook it for an elephant at first sight. The animal was also frightened and retreated in double quick time.

The new depot at Martha is in operation and is quite comfortable considering that it is only a temporary structure and a substantial station building is soon to erected that will be a credit to the place and to the railroad.

Our friend and neighbor, Curt. Baumgardner, who had a sale some time ago, is again buying stock. In the Spring he expects to return to Ohio. NEIGHBOR.

—Mr. Samuel Wolf, who lives three miles from Penn Hall *walked* to that place and returned in the same way to his home recently, carrying a peck of apples on the return trip. This is remarkable because Mr. Wolf is 93 years of age.

Royal Baking Powder.

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall street, N. Y. 15 7 1y

Bee Hive.

They Must Fail

What our Competitors Say.

How can the Bee-Hive afford to sell Table spreads at 50c. if we have to pay 75c. for the same in large quantities?

How can the Bee-Hive afford to sell White Blankets for $1.50 when we have to pay $2.00 for them at wholesale?

How can the Bee-Hive afford to sell White Blankets at $3.00 when we have to pay $3.50 for them at wholesale?

How can the Bee-Hive afford to sell White Blankets for $6.00 when we have to pay $7.00 for them at wholesale?

How can the Bee-Hive afford to sell School Bags at 5c. when we have to pay 15c. at wholesale?

How can the Bee-Hive afford to sell woolen Socks for 20c. when we have to pay 30c. at wholesale?

It is strange but nevertheless true.

The manufacturers and importers from whom we buy do not mind this talk, because we

BUY FOR CASH.

And our patrons certainly do not mind it, because they reap the benefit of our sacrifices. We are determined not to be undersold by anybody. We are determined to make the

Bee-Hive

a household word. We are determined to convince our patrons that there is no place in the world where they will receive better or fairer treatment than at the

Bee-Hive.

The largest stock of

DRESS GOODS,	SILKS,
VELVETS,	PLUSHES,
FLANNELS,	CARPETS,
OIL CLOTHS,	etc., etc.

Between Philadelphia and Pittsburg.

Ladies' Tailor-made Garments Specialty.

Respectfully yours,
GOLDSMITH BROS.
Bellefonte, Pa.

Sechler & Co.

New Goods!

FOR THE

HOLIDAYS!

—o—

SECHLER & CO.

Proprietors of the only complete grocery in Centre county, announce to the people of the county that they are now receiving Fresh, New Goods for the

Holiday Season

—OF—

83-84.

—o—

Stock Complete!

Nothing Wanting!

—o—

SPICES.—The best cook in the land cannot cook successfully without pure, fresh spices. These we have in every variety. Remember this when Thanksgiving approaches. Well-seasoned food adds to long life and happiness.

SUGARS AND SYRUPS.—In Sugars and Syrups we have all the best brands in the market. Much of the sugar now sold is adulterated, and in an article of this kind there is great waste. We buy from reliable dealers, and handle only the genuine goods.

TEAS AND COFFEES.—A Thanksgiving or Christmas breakfast cannot be thoroughly enjoyed without a good cup of coffee or tea. A drink of this kind is stimulating and goes right to the spot. Our Coffees and Teas are fresh and strictly pure. The fragrant odor which escapes from the steaming pot as it comes in from the kitchen will convince you of this. We sell more coffee than any other two houses in the county. Why? Because we sell the best and the people know it.

NUTS, CONFECTIONERY, ETC.—In Nuts and Confectionery we have everything that is nice, and just what will please the young folks, and old folks as well. Our candies are all pure and wholesome; We do not handle the highly-colored, poisonous mixtures that ruin and decay the teeth. We have new Florida oranges (this fall's crop), fine Figs and Prunes, and a choice line of Canned Fruits and Preserves. Bear this in mind when preparing to Celebrate the merry holidays.

—o—

We make special mention of the above lines of goods because they are all leading articles at this season of the year. In other lines our stock is equally fresh and complete.

We buy the Best Goods and sell at the Lowest Figures.

Call in and inspect our No. 1 goods. Then you will know where to purchase when your cupboard needs replenishing.

Sechler & Co.,

Bush House Block, Bellefonte, Pa.

15-44tf

A Brakeman Injured.

Thursday morning, says the Tyrone correspondent of the Altoona *Tribune*, as Mr. James Wonderly, a brakeman on the Clearfield branch, when nearing Vail station supposed from the noise made by the car on the rear end of the train that it had become derailed, and, while leaning over to satisfy himself if such was the case by looking back along the train, was struck on the head by a bolt projecting from the timbers of the bridge which he was not aware of being so near, inflicting a deep cut above the right ear about three inches in length, and just deep enough to graze the skull. Had he been a quarter of an inch nearer the bolt he would certainly have been killed. As it was it was a very close call. Dr. Piper dressed the wound and the victim is feeling comfortable. On the 4th of July, past three years ago, Mr. Parsons was almost instantly killed at the same bridge, in the same manner precisely as this accident occurred. Though badly stunned Mr. Wonderly kept his hold to the car.

—Now the peculiar and beautiful sunsets and the gorgeous blushes of the solar orb at "rosy fingered morn" are abundantly explained. The sky seems to be the scene of a drama of love. The sun is wooing a comet. So it is explained. Astronomers say that the earth is even now passing through the tail of a comet and that as the sun's rays are reflected by meteoric dust the red-rose blush at the horizon is satisfactorily accounted for. So be it. The sun courts the comet all day, when his aspect is so bright that human eyes can not look at him, and when he retires at night or arises in the morning there is a beautiful commingling of blushes on the part of both the comet and sun. This is the mystery of the sky. Behold, the astronomers have come to our aid and revealed the delightful truth.

—Rev. George Penepacker, of the M. E. church, preached the usual thanksgiving sermon in the Lutheran church, to a large congregation, on Thursday morning, the occasion being a union service of several of the congregations. It was characterized by his usual eloquence and boldness of utterance. He requested those who dissented from opinions which he expressed not to make the Lutheran or Methodist churches responsible for them, but solely himself. Although we did not hear his discourse we heartily endorse all that we have heard of his remarks. He is the boldest clergyman in Bellefonte at the present time.

—Where is the ornamental part of the Spring creek bridge? The braces in the centre and at each side of the roadways are certainly very unornamental. The lines are too straight and the material too ungainly in shape to possess any beauty. The lattice work railings at the outer sides of the foot-paths are pretty but that is all. Now that there is one coat of white paint on it one more should be added to convince the beholder that the color is really designed to be white. The planks on the bridge are not laid very regularly.

—A trial which occupied the attention of Court from noon on Friday until 9 o'clock at night was for assault and battery in which Christ. Nolan, John Hamilton and Lemuel Hampton ton were defendants. The jury, this morning, brought in a verdict of guilty and sentence was suspended until Monday. The trial of this case was noticeable for the speed with which it was dispatched. Not more than 24 hours intervened from the time the offense was committed until the jury retired to decide upon a verdict.

Business Notices and Other Items.

We have just received our new Fall and Winter Woolens. Call and leave your order. MONTGOMERY & Co., Tailors.

—Two immense deer have been shot within the past few days near Coalville, by Messrs. Ryder and Davis respectively. One of them weighed 180 pounds.

—Don't miss reading H. K. Hicks' advertisement. 39tf

—The Electric light company have already commenced work on their new building and intend to rush all the arrangements to completion this month.

—Forty thousand miles of railroad have been built in this country since 1879. Now, if 40,000 people will purchase groceries at Harry Teats & Co.'s store the proprietors of that establishment will be satisfied.

—The steam heating company are almost ready to turn on the steam, the delay in receiving regulators being the only obstacle to rapid advancement. The exact time when heat will be turned on will be announced hereafter.

H. K. Hicks.--Stoves.

I AM NOW READY FOR THE STOVE SEASON.

The largest line of STOVES, HEATERS AND RANGES

Ever offered for sale by any one dealer in Central Pennsylvania.

SOLE AGENT FOR JAMES SPEAR AND RAYMOND & CAMPBELL.

EVERY STOVE I SELL IS WARRANTED TO GIVE SATISFACTION.

It will pay you to examine my stock before buying elsewhere. I can suit any one in style, price and quality. Call and see me. We like to show them.

H. K. HICKS, Hardware Merchant,

BELLEFONTE PA.

15-39-3m

—Huntingdon county has a new court house which is almost completed.

—Prettier robes or finer horse blankets than those at James Schofield's establishment were never seen in Bellefonte. Go at once if you want to select from his large stock.

—Thanksgiving night was celebrated by several well known characters in a rough fight.

—Henry C. Terry, Esq., a Philadelphia lawyer, received a fee of $50,000 from that city for services performed. That's enough to feed a whole family a life time on groceries from Harry Teats & Co.'s store.

—An open winter is predicted, but weather prophets are not to be trusted.

—Don't forget those fine groceries at Harry Teats & Ce,'s store.

—The Presbyterian Sunday-school building will not be completed until March.

—James Schofield is a first-class saddler and all our friends should go to him when in need of harness, collars, robes, blankets, etc. Don't forget it.

—John Thomas of Milesburg has put down a new brick pavement in front of his residence and Mr. John Leyman is doing likewise.

—Chang, the Chinese giant, is again in this country. He carries a watch that weighs 2½ pounds. When he comes to Bellefonte he will buy groceries of Harry Teats & Co., of course.

—Mr. Harvey, the veteran milkman, met with an accident on Sunday morning. When his milk cart was turning the corner at Reynolds' bank it ran into the hitching post, almost wrecking the vehicle and spilling some of its precious contents.

WHAT IS SWISS BALSAM?—Swiss Balsam is a sure and speedy cure for Coughs, Colds, Croup, Throat and Lung Troubles, made of pure Alpine herbs. What is the use of lingering with a cough, cold, or any lung disease, if one bottle of Swiss Balsam will effect a sure cure. Excellent in croup, containing no morphine or opium—perfectly harmless. Price 25 and 75 cents. Samples free. Try a bottle. Sold by John Harris, Druggist, Bellefonte.

EDITOR'S TABLE.

Golden Days for December is at hand. This number is fully equal to its predecessors, and in saying this we award it the highest medal of praise. This magazine is for boys and girls, and one of the best; full of interesting stories; beautiful pictures of great interest. Any one who will try it will like it. Address, James Elverson, N. W. Cor. 9th and Spruce streets, Philadelphia.

The *Caterer and Household Magazine* for December contains the usual amount of very interesting reading on what to furnish and how to cook the same to make a first-class breakfast, dinner or supper. This would be a very useful book for every housewife. It is printed on excellent white paper, the edges are trimmed, and altogether it is beautifully gotten up It would be a very valuable magazine bound, when the volume is completed, making a better cook book than could be found at any store or publishing house. It always contains one beautiful engraving. Price, $2.00 per year. Address, E. C. Whitton, 1013 Chestnut street, Philadelphia.

The *North American Review* for December, published at No. 30 Lafayette Place, New York, at $5.00 per year, is on our table. This excellent magazine is in its 69th year and is well worthy of the appreciative support accorded it by the public. It is a standard work and handles in an able manner those questions in which the people are interested. This number contains an article on "Government control of the Telegraph," which it would be well for every citizen to read. "Railroads and Public Time," "The Day of Judgment,' and many other subjects of almost universal interest. The *North American Review* should be in the hands of every intelligent person.

The *Peacemaker* for December, Vol. 2, No. 6. "Peace on earth, good will to men" is the beautiful lesson this magazine teaches. It is conducted with ability. Try it. Address, Universal Peace Society, 402-404-406 Race street, Philadelphia. Price only $1.00 per year.

The *Pansy*, published by D. Lothrope & Co., 32 Franklin street, Boston, Mass., is a weekly magazine for children, and just suited to the wants and tastes of the little ones. The November number is something extra. Try it for the little folks.

The December issue of the *Eclectic* is worthy of its reputation. To the scholar or the person who desires to attain to any degree of scholarly attainments, this magazine is a valuable assistant. It is managed by able directors, and its columns are filled with pearls of thought from the master minds of this country and Europe. To give an idea of some of the articles which adorn its pages, we may mention the poet Swinburne, who leads off with an admirable article on "Victor Hugo." The English historian, Freeman, is represented by a very scholarly discussion of "Titles." Richard Proctor talks about "Earth Movements in Java." Students of religious history will find a highly suggestive paper under the title of "Purgatory and Modern Revelations," by Geo. Salmon, and a very powerful and brilliant discussion is furnished by Edmund Gurney and Frederic W. H. Myers, on "Mesmerism." Mr A. Lang's paper on "The Early History of the Family" is of a character to attract attention and stimulate thought.

We have received the first number of a new candidate for public favor, the *Biographical Magazine*, an illustrated monthly containing a short sketch of the lives of noted men with a cut. This monthly cannot fail to be of interesting to every man who lays any claim to a desire to keep even with the times or to know something of the great and good men that are living or have lived. Published by the Pictorial Associated Press, Clipper Building, New York. Terms, $1.00 per year.

Harper's Magazine for December. This is an excellent magazine and is so well known that we can hardly say any thing new about it. All know that is one of the best published, and is read by the best and most cultured people of two continents. The present number is as beautiful as ever. Address, Harper & Brothers, Franklin Square, New York.

The *Century* for December has reached us. This magazine is a welcomed visitor to thousands of firesides in this country and in Europe. This fact alone says all that could be said for this work. It is one of the very best, full of interest and got up in a style of beauty that cannot fail to please. Address, The Century Company, Union Square, New York.

DIRECTORY

OF

BELLEFONTE BUSINESS HOUSES, ARTISANS AND MANUFACTURERS.

Bakers.

JOSEPH CEADER, 8 Bishop St.
J. H. SANDS, 22 Allegheny St., E. side.
J. SEAREFOSS, No 49 High street, Bush's Arcade.

Barbers.

M. S. GRAHAM, bath room, basement Conrad House.
R. A. BECK, under First National bank.

Books and Stationery and News Depot.

JNO. C. MILLER & CO., Humes' Block, next door to post office.

Boots and Shoes.

JNO. POWERS & SON, 43 High St.
DOLL & MINGLE, 10 Brockerhoff Row.

Bottling Establishment.

JNO. ANDERSON, 65 High St., south side.

Butchers.

JOHN BEEZER, North High street, near Centre Co. bank.
SECHLER & CO., 68 High street.

Contractors and Builders.

E. B. & F. P. GREENE, 46 Water st.

Cigars and Tobacco.

CHARLES RINE, High street, opposite depot.

Cigar Manufacturers.

H. C. WEAVER, First National bank building.

China, Glass and Queensware.

W. H. WILKINSON, 16 & 18 Allegheny street

Clothiers and Gents' Furnishers.

ISAAC GUGGENHEIMER, Bush Arcade, new addition, High St.

Coal and Grain.

LAWRENCE L. BROWN, near depot.

Carriage Manufactory.

J. R. BARTRUFF, near water works.

Dry Goods and Groceries.

VALENTINES STORE CO., limited, Nos. 51 and 53 Bush Arcade, High St.
C. U. HOFFER & CO., 7 Allegheny st.

Drugs and Medicines.

DR. M. A. KIRK, 41 Bush Arcade, High St.

Furs, Hides and Leather.

ISAAC GUGGENHEIMER, Bush Arcade High St.

Furniture.

JOHN BRACHBILL, 20 Spring street.

Gunsmith—Sporting Goods.

THEO. DESCHNER, High street.

Groceries.

SECHLER & CO., 68 High St.
V. G. BAUER & CO., 6 Bishop St.

Harness Makers.

J. H. McCLURE & SON, 10 Bishop St.
JAMES SCOFIELD, 13 Spring St.

Hotels.

BROCKERHOFF HOUSE, C. G. McMillen, proprietor.

Dealers in and Manufacturers of Lumber.

P. R. CRIDER & SON.
PHŒNIX PLANING MILL CO.

Merchant Tailors.

W. I. FLEMING, Humes' block, Allegheny St (repairing).

Millinery.

MISS M. L. MacBRIDE, 29 Allegheny St.
MISS MARY C. AMMERMAN, 18 Bishop St.

Valentines Store Co., "Limited."

V. S. C,. "L.," WILL NOT BE UNDERSOLD

And are prepared for the winter campaign with a full line of

Good Goods at Reduced Prices

IN BOOTS, RUBBERS, CLOTHING, UNDERWEAR, BLANKETS, ALL KINDS OF FLANNELS, SHWLS, LDIES' CO TS, DRESS GOODS—WHICH RUN FROM 8 cts. PER YARD, AND C LICOES FROM 5 cts.

GROCERIES,

As before, arriving daily in large quantities, at the lowest figures.--Granulated Sugar, 10 cts. per lb. Valencia Raisins and Turkey Prunes, 3 lbs. for 25 cts. New Buckwheat Flour, 98 cts. in ½ sacks.

CLOSING OUT OUR 5 AND 10 CENT COUNTER. *HIGHEST PRICE PAID FOR PRODUCE.*

VALENTINES STORE CO., "LIMITED," General Merchants.

Directory.

Paints and Paper Hanging.
WILLIAMS BROTHERS, 50 High St.

Plumbers and Gas Fitters.
WILLIAM GALBRAITH, 15 Allegheny st.
JOHN BARNES, 48 High st.

Snow Shoe Coal and Coke.
BERWIND, WHITE & CO., Race St., near Bush House.

Sewing Machines and Musical Instruments.
BUNNELL & AIKENS, 1 Bishop st.

Stoves and Tinware.
W. T. TWITMIRE, 45 High st., Bush Arcade.

Watchmakers.
FRANK P. BLAIR, 4 Brockerhoff Row.
FRANK GALBRAITH, 74 High st., opp. depot.

Optician.
FRANK P. BLAIR, 4 Brockerhoff Row.

Foundry.

Foundry & Machine SHOPS, AND Farmers' Repair Depot.

Having leased the old Bellefonte Foundry, and improved and repaired the same, we are now prepared to make all kinds of

CASTINGS

on short notice. All kinds of Farming Machinery Repaired and missing parts supplied.

Mowers, Reapers, Self-Binders, Threshing and Horse Power Machines a Specialty.

MILL AND ORE BANK MACHINERY

Attended to on short notice, or anything else that comes under our line of business.

HICKS & GRIFFITH,
BELLEFONTE, PA.
June6'83-tf

Prospectus.

No party in politics, nor any sect in religion.

The Greatest and the Best,
The Large Double Weekly,
RELIGIOUS AND SECULAR,

New York Observer.

(ESTABLISHED 1823.)

No paper in the country has a more experienced and able corps of editors. Dr. S. Irenæus Prime stands at the head of the editorial fraternity and his letters and editorials still enrich the OBSERVER. Others among its editors have had the training of a quarter of a century for their work.

The Correspondence of the OBSERVER is from all lands; and the news, carefully prepared from letters and telegrams, furnishes a complete view of the condition of the world each week.

The departments of Agriculture, Business, Sunday-school Teaching, and Religious Work are conducted by experts who write clearly and to the point. The OBSERVER does not fill its columns with long essays and old sermons, but aims to be

A Live Newspaper,

giving every week a RELIGIOUS SHEET full of instruction, encouragement and truth; and A SECULAR SHEET, containing all the news, vigorous comments upon current events, and a great variety of choice reading.

The price is $3.15 a year. For *bona fide new subscribers* we give One Dollar commission, or a copy of the "IRENÆUS LETTERS," an elegantly bound volume of 440 pages, containing a portrait of the author. Sample copies of the *Observer* will be sent to any address free. Address, NEW YORK OBSERVER, 31 AND 32 PARK ROW. 15-47-3t

W. H. Wilkinson.

HEADQUARTRES FOR CROCKERY & GLASSWARE,

W. H. WILKINSON, Agent.

DEALER IN

China, Glass and Queensware, &c.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

PRICE LIST:

WHITE GRANITE, IN BEST QUALITY ONLY.

Tea Sets, handled, 58 pieces	$ 3.50
Dinner Sets, 113 pieces	12.50
Chamber Sets, 10 pieces	3.00
Pitcher and Basin	1.00
Chamber, covered	75
Cups and saucers, per set, 12 pieces	50

C. C. WARE. BLACK STAMP.

Pitcher and basin	$ 75
Chamber, covered	50

ROCKINGHAM AND YELLOW WARE.

Tea Pots, Baking Dishes, Nappies, Bowls, Jelly Moulds, &c., &c

THIN PORCELAIN WARE (best imitation of French China).

Dinner sets, 125 pieces, the handsomest set in market..$ 16.00

Any number of pieces sold in either PORCELAIN or GRANITE. We carry a full assortment in both.

FRENCH CHINA.

Tea Sets, in plain China, Gold band, Gold lines, decorated with flowers, &c., &., at $6.50, $9.00 $10.00, $11.00, $12.00, and $15.00.

DECORATED WARE. ENGLISH GOODS.

Tea Sets, decorated in Blue, Brown or Black, 56 pieces	$ 4.25
Dinner Sets, 128 pieces	20.00
Chamber Sets, 10 pieces	3.50

Our stock of DECORATED CHAMBER SETS will be found very complete. We show 20 different styles from $3.50 to $20.00

ENGLISH MAJOLICA—FULL ASSORTMENT

TABLE GLASSWARE.

Full stock in all styles and quality, from plain glass to finest crystal imported. A good Tumbler 4c., do Goblet 6c; a Handsome Glass Set, 4 pieces, 35c.; a very pretty Glass Castor, 4 bottles, 75c., and numerous other useful and ornamental articles at equally low prices.

FANCY GOODS.

IN CHINA, MAJOLICA, JAPANESE and ENAMELED WARE, COLORED GLASS, &c., CONSISTING OF AFTER DINNER COFFEE SETS, HANDSOME TACES, WINE SETS, WATER SETS, FRUIT SETS, ICE CREAM and BERRY SETS, CUPS AND SAUCERS, FRUIT PLATES, NUT TRAYS, SALADS, CELERY GLASSES CELERY TRAYS, (new) PICKLES, SALT and PEPPERS, INDIVIDUAL BUTTERS, TEA POTS, SPOON HOLDERS, TEA POT TILES, SUGAR BOWLS, CREAMS, BOWLS, BUTTER DISH, FRUIT SAUCERS, MUSTARD CUPS, PITCHERS, SYRUP JUGS, OYSTER PLATES, FISH SETS, BREAD AND MILK SETS, CANDLE STICKS, MATCH BOXES, FLOWER STANDS, JARDENIERS, CUSPADORES, ASH RECEIVERS, &c., &c., &c.

GOODS PACKED AND DELIVERED AT DEPOT WITHOUT CHARGE.

15 38 3m

Miscellaneous.

ESTRAY NOTICE.—Came to the residence of the subscriber in Ferguson township, one mile west of Gatesburg, on or about the last day of August, 1883, a 2-year old calf, marked with a slit in right ear. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take the animal away or it will be disposed of according to law.

M. A. RIDER.

Ferguson twp., Centre Co., Pa. December 1, 1883. 15 47 3t

MARK TWAIN'S LIFE ON THE MISSISSIPPI,

A NEW BOOK.

Agents Wanted. Write for Terms.

CHARLES L. WEBSTER, 658 Broadway, N. Y

15 47 4t

Miscellaneous.

MUSIC WITHOUT A TEACHER! SOPER'S INSTANTANEOUS GUIDE to Key of Piano and Organ. Price $1. Will teach any person to play 20 pieces of music in one day. You couldn't learn it from a teacher for $20. Try it and be convinced. Sample copy will be mailed to any address on receipt of 25 cents in stamps by HEARNE & CO., Publishers, P. O. Box 1487, New York.

15 46 4t

POETS Burns, 50c., Byron, 50c., Mrs. Browning, 50c., Campbell, 40c., Chaucer, 60c., Coleridge, 40c., Cowper, 60c., Dante, 60c., Dryden, 50c., Goethe, 70c., Goldsmith, 50c., Hemans, 50c., Illiad and Odyssey, 70c., Hood, 50c., Ingelow, 50c., Keats, 40c., Meredith, 50c., Milton, 50c., Moore, 60c., Pope, 50c., Poe, 40c., Schiller, 40c., Scott, 50c., Tennyson, 60c., Virgil, 45c., AND OTHERS. FINE CLOTH BINDING. Sent for EXAMINATION BEFORE PAYMENT on evidence of good faith. Catalogue free. NOT sold by dealers. JOHN B. ALDEN, Publisher, 18 Vesey St., New York. 15 46 4t

Bellefonte Republican.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

EDWARD T. TUTEN.

LATEST TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

Evacuation Day.

NEW YORK, Nov. 26.—The day opened with a dull, leaden sky, indicating rain or snow. The atmosphere was moist and raw but not cold. At sunrise the forts and ships fired salutes of twelve guns. This was followed in half an hour with a successful effort of all the steam whistles in the bay and on the rivers to create the most disagreeable noise imaginable, thus emphasizing the wonderful difference between navigation in 1783 and 1883. At 9 o'clock the people took possession of the streets, and every means of conveyance were laden. Down town they filled cars, omnibuses, and carriages, and the sidewalks on Fourth, Fifth and Sixth avenues and Broadway presented a dense mass of human beings. The decorations were elaborate on public buildings and club houses, but the residents of dwelling houses contented themselves with a display of the stars and stripes.

President Arthur and his cabinet officers were in the first carriages, and were followed by the governors of states, mayors of municipalities, and other civic officers, officers of the army and navy, and delegations from mercantile bodies of this and other cities. The Grand Army posts came next, followed by associations of the volunteer fire departments of the present and past and more civic societies. The head of the column reached the battery at 12 30 p. m. When President Arthur arrived at the battery stand he was assigned a place there with governors of states, and reviewed the procession. Later he was driven off to view the river parade of steamboats, after which he went to the sub-treasury to witness the unveiling of the Washington statue.

The unveiling of the statue was witnessed by a great multitude. The address was delivered by George William Curtis.

Hostilities Commenced.

HONG KONG, Nov. 25.—News has been received from Hai-Phong announcing that a force of 3,000 Chinese troops made an attack on Hai-Dzuong, in Tonquin, on the 17th inst. The French garrison, supported by a gunboat on the river Tai-Bigne, held out from 9 o'clock in the morning until 4 in the afternoon, when the Chinese retreated. The loss of the French land force was twelve killed and wounded. The French gunboat had its hull penetrated by the enemy's shot in several places and eight of the crew were wounded. A report has been received here from the north of China that a secret treaty exists between the Chinese government and the Black Flags. The same dispatch says that Chinese reinforcements continue to arrive at Canton and that war between China and France is now regarded as inevitable.

The Small-pox in Lancaster.

LANCASTER, Nov. 25.—A few weeks ago it was believed that the city was almost rid of the small-pox, but the disease has increased rapidly and this evening there are seventeen cases, with a probability of a number of new ones in the morning. So far 150 cases have been reported since the disease broke out. It is confined to the southwestern part of the city and in one square on a little street near the home of the Carr family, where the disease broke out, there are seven cases. The keeper of the hospital refuses to receive persons having the disease. The citizens and newspapers are bitter in their denunciation of the county authorities, who have not yet finished the new building to be used as a hospital, although they have had four months to do so.

A Glass Factory Destroyed by Fire.

PITTSBURG, Nov. 25.—The extensive glass factory of Thomas Evans & Co., on the south side, was completely destroyed by fire at an early hour this morning. The loss is $90,000, on which there is $40,000 insurance, distributed as follows: Manufacturers,' of Boston; Royal, Fire Association, Howard and Connecticut, each $3,000; Merchants, of Newark; Mechanics,' of Brooklyn; Union, of Philadelphia; Farmers,' of New York; United Firemen's and Lancashire, each $2,500; Union, of Pittsburg; City of Pittsburg, Allegheny, Reading and Northern, of England, each $2,000. The fire started in the blacksmith shop, but its origin is unknown. The factory is the most extensive and complete of its kind in the United States.

Ignoring Governor Butler's Proclamation.

BOSTON, Nov. 25.—The Governor's delightful and exuberant, yet devout, Thanksgiving proclamation has failed of appreciation among the clergy. The annual custom of reading the Gubernatorial proclamation on the Sunday before Thanksgiving was almost unanimously ignored by the pastors of this city. In three-fourths of the Protestant pulpits President Arthur's proclamation was read. In the others no reference was made to the subject. Rev. Dr. Bartol on Thanksgiving morning will supplement his terrible philippic of the Sunday before election with a discourse entitled "A Delivered and Grateful State."

A Wisconsin Town in Flames.

CHICAGO, Nov. 27.—The *Daily News'* Albany, Wis, special says: A fire early this morning almost completely destroyed Albany, situated near the eastern line of Green county, this state. The flames were first discovered about 1 o'clock and spread rapidly, sweeping away before them every business building in the place, including the postoffice and two newspaper offices. There were no adequate facilities for fighting the progress of the fire, and it made such rapid headway that a number of people barely escaped with their lives, and Will Roberts, Charles Roberts and Fred Roberts were severely burned in making their escape from the building occupied by them. Edward Dodge, a young man, was crushed by falling timbers, and Thomas Dorman, John Samuel, Thos. Gravener, Charles Mathels and Thos. Fellowsy were probably fatally injured from the same cause.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Nov. 27.—An Albany, Wisconsin, dispatch says: Forty thousand dollars worth of property in the business part of the town was destroyed by fire this morning. It is thought several lives are lost. The list so far includes Eldie Dodge, killed by falling walls, and Thomas Dorman lies at the point of death. Seriously injured are: John Lemmel, Thomas Groanes, Charles Mathels; Thomas Followay. Dangerously burned are: Will, Fred and Charles Roberts. Both printing offices and postoffice are destroyed.

Bank Thieves Frustrated.

DESMOINS, Iowa, November 27.—Two thieves made a bold attempt to rob the Merchants' National bank yesterday afternoon. Mr. Newell, cashier of the bank, was alone, President Ransom and a clerk having gone to dinner. The back door was left unlocked and through that door one of the thieves entered while the other engaged Mr. Newell's attention at the counter. The thief snatched two rolls of bills containing about $600 from the counter, and started back the way he came in. Mr. Newell gave the alarm and pursued the thief across the street and down an alley. There the man dropped most of the money, which Mr. Newell picked up and returned to the bank, being unable to overtake the fugitive. He thinks one of the men is the same person who, a few days ago, canvassed the bank for a directory.

A Town in Flames.

PORT PERRY, Ont., Nov. 26.—The fire here last night destroyed about $150 000 worth of property in the centre of the town. It commenced in Ruddy's Hotel and made a clean sweep of the north side of Queen street, from the Ross Elevator of McCaw's jewelry store. The total insurance is about $50,000. The Western, Phœnix and Lancashire Companies are principally concerned. The origin of the fire is unknown.

Supposed to be Lost.

WARTON, Ont., November 26.—Three ladies having life preservers on them marked Eclipse, were washed ashore here to-day. It is believed that the steamer of that name has gone done with all on board. She was bound from Algoma for Port Sarnia and was probably caught in last Wednesday's gale.

Motion Overruled.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—The court overruled the motion of counsel for defense in the case of ex-Senator Spencer, the defendant being accorded the privilege of purging himself of contempt by affidavit, and required him to give bonds in the sum of $2,500 for his appearance.

Appropriation Bills on the Other Side.

BERLIN, Nov. 26.—The lower house of the Prussian diet has begun the debate upon the annual estimate. Herr Scholz, minister of finance, described the financial situation of the kingdom as favorable.

NO WONDER.

A Man That Suffered Mental and Physical Agony Eight years Proclaims His Happiness.

Mental agony is dreadful but when that and a physical ailment combine, it is simply terrible. Such was the condition of George W. Frampton, of Huntington, W. Va., for eight years. He was a sufferer of necroses; that is, the leg bone at the ankle was inflamed and mortified, which caused a running sore. He says: "Pieces of bone the size of a silver three cent piece came out of the sore on my leg. The discharge from the sore was almost continual, and I was unable to walk. For eight years I have been doctoring. I have been under the treatment of a physician at Newport Ky., for a year: another at Burlington, Ohio, attended me for three years, and a doctor here at Huntington worked with me for a long time. None of them did me any good, and they all finally said my case was hopeless. A few months ago I commenced trying PERUNA, and now I am well. I can walk as good as anybody, and have perfect use of my limb. Words are inadequate to describe the mental agony I suffered when I thought I was always to be a sufferer. The thoughts of the affliction caused me more distress than the sore, so that the two combined was indeed agony. Being now free from both mental and physical suffering, my happiness knows no bounds. PERUNA has furnished me that which I prayed for during my eight years of suffering."

Shenandoah's Need of Financial Aid.

POTTSVILLE, Pa., November 25.—The relief committee of Shenandoah, charged with the duty of receiving and distributing contributions for the sufferers by the fire, give notice that there is no further demand for clothing, provisions or other donations "in kind." All money contributions will, however, be thankfully received, and there is still urgent necessity for financial assistance.

Dont Give Up.

The chances are all in your favor. Thousands of cases of consumption, Catarrh, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Bronchitis, and other chronic diseases—some of a most painful and desperate character—have been cured in the last thirteen years by Compound Oxygen. If you are a sufferer from any disease which your physician has failed to relieve, don't despair. Write to Drs. Starkey & Palen, 1109 Girard street, Philadelphia, giving them a clear statement of your case, and ask an opinion as to your chances of recovery under their new Vitalizing Treatment. It will cost you nothing, as they make no charge for consultations. Accompanying their reply you will receive such documentary evidence of their honorable character as physicians, and such direct and emphatic testimony in regard to what Compound Oxygen has done and is doing for suffering humanity, that you will be able to decide yourself the question whether or not to put faith in them and the new remedy which they are so widely dispensing.

If, however you do not wish to consult them at present, drop a postal-card and ask them to send you their Treatise on Compound Oxygen. From this you will gain all the information required to get an intelligent idea of the nature and action of this new remedy for chronic diseases, and so be able to judge for yourself whether or not it will be beneficial in your own case as it has been in thousands of others.

A horse balked with a man in Buffalo the other day and he sat there in his buggy nine hours before the animal moved on. He was a house painter working by the day, and would have put in another hour if necessary.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.

Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of cutting teeth! If so, send at once and get a bottle of **Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children Teething.** Its value is incalculable. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately Depend upon it, mothers, there is no mistake about it. It cures dysentery and diarrhœa, regulates the stomach and bowels, cures wind colic, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. **Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children Teething** is pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and is for sale by all druggists throughout the world. Price 25 cents a bottle. 15 22 1y

The word "call" in poker has a different significance from what it does in society. In poker if your opponent "calls" you have got to "see" him without any excuse of sickness or "not at home."

Oh, What a Cough!

Will you heed the warning? The signal, perhaps, of the sure approach of that more terrible disease, consumption. Ask yourselves if you can afford for the sake of saving 50 cents to run the risk and do nothing for it. We know from experience that Shiloh's Cure will cure your cough. It never fails. This explains why more than a million bottles were sold the past year. It relieves Croup and Whooping Cough at once. Mothers, do not be without it. For lame back, side or chest use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. For sale by John Harris.

Whipple, the essayist, defines poetry as "the protest of genius against the reality of life." When the poet gets kicked out of the editor's sanctum it is the protest of the reality of life against genius.

Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint.

Is it not worth the small price of 75 cents to free yourself of every symptom of these distressing complaints? If you think so, call at our store and get a bottle of Shiloh's Vitalizer. Every bottle has a printed guarantee on it, use accordingly and if it does you no good it will cost you nothing. Sold by John Harris.

Ralph Waldo Emerson says: "All healthy things are sweet tempered." We differ with Ralph. Now, we know a perfectly healthy red-headed women—well she just is, and no mistake about it.

MOTHER SWAN'S WORM SYRUP.—Infallible, tasteless, harmless, cathartic; for feverishness, restlessness, worms, constipation. 25c.

The latest novelty is a dress album. A piece of every new dress is carefully cut and gummed on one side of the leaf and the date attached. Thus the book forms a complete history of a lady's costume from season to season.

"ROUGH ON COUGHS."—Ask for "Rough on Coughs," for Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Hoarseness. Troches, 15c. Liquid, 50c.

Faint hearted young men should take courage. Only one month more before leap year.

Smith's German Olio is a profitable investment, because the man that buys it saves doctors' bills.

Victorious Black Flags.

PARIS, November 27.—A rumor was current this afternoon in the lobbies of the chamber of deputies that Admiral Courbet with his forces has been defeated in Tonquin by the Black Flags and his communications cut off. The rumors are given more credence because no official information is forthcoming. There is considerable uneasiness felt at the absence of news from Admiral Courbet's expedition.

We have a speedy and positive cure for Catarrh, Diphtheria, Canker Mouth and Headache in *Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy*, a nasal injector free with each bottle. Use it if you desire health and a sweet breath. Price, 50 cents. Sold by John Harris.

It is not uncommon to see philanthropists, especially of the softer sex, who so lavish the cream of human kindness on the bad that they have only the skimmed milk left for the good, and even that is generally kept till it is sour.

DECLINE OF MAN.—Nervous weakness, dyspepsia, impotence, sexual debility, cured by "Wells' Health Renewer." $1.

Cook—"Madame, why are the eggs so small lately?" "Oh, that's the fault of the farmer's wives. They take the eggs from the nests before they have had time to grow to the ordinary size."

WARNER'S SAFE KIDNEY AND LIVER CURE

Mrs. Drury, of Cleveland, has set a new style. She has had her husband reprimanded in court because he came home with strange hair pins sticking to his coat.

Miscellaneous.

WANTED Reliable, energetic men to sell our beautiful ALBUMS and BIBLES. (Sell readily at this season). Also GATELY'S UNIVERSAL EDUCATOR (best book of forms published,) Liberal inducements. Address at once E. GATELY & CO. 630 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa. 15 45 4t

DISEASE CURED

Without Medicine.

A Valuable Discovery for supplying Magnetism to the Human System. Electricity and Magnetism utilized as never before for Healing the Sick.

THE MAGNETION APPLIANCE CO.'S

Magnetic Kidney Belt

FOR MEN IS

WARRANTED TO CURE OR MONEY REFUNDED, the following diseases without medicine:—*Pain in the Back, Hips, Head or Limbs, Nervous Debility, Lumbago, General Debility, Rheumatism, Paralysis, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Diseases of the Kidneys, Spinal Diseases, Torpid Liver, Gout, Seminal Emissions, Asthma, Heart Disease, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Erysipelas, Indigestion, Hernia or Rupture, Catarrh, Piles, Epilepsy, Dumb Ague etc.*

When any debility of the GENERATIVE ORGANS occurs, Lost Vitality, Lack of Nerve Force and Vigor, Wasting Weakness and all those Diseases of a personal nature, from whatever cause, the continuous stream of Magnetism permeating through the parts, must restore them to a healthy action. There is no mistake about this appliance.

TO THE LADIES.—If you are afflicted with *Lame Back, Weakness of the Spine, Falling of the Womb, Leucorrhœa, Chronic Inflammation and Ulceration of the Womb, Incidental Hemorrhage or Flooding, Painful, Suppressed and Irregular Menstruation, Barrenness, and Change of Life, this is the best Appliance and Curative Agent known.*

For all forms of FEMALE DIFFICULTIES it is unsurpassed by anything before invented, both as a curative agent and as a source of power and vitalization.

Price of either Belt with Magnetic Insoles, $10, sent by express C. O. D., and examination allowed, or by mail on receipt of price. In ordering send measure of waist and size of shoe. Remittance can be made in currency, sent in letter at our risk.

The Magneton Garments are adapted to all ages, are worn over the under-clothing, (not next the body like the many Galvanic and Electrical Humbugs advertised so extensively), and should be taken off at night. They hold their POWER FOREVER, and are worn at all seasons of the year.

Send stamp for the "New Departure in Medical Treatment without Medicine," with thousands of testimonials.

THE MAGNETION APPLIANCE CO.,
218 State Street, Chicago, Ill.

NOTE.—Send one dollar in postage stamps or currency (in letter at our risk) with size of shoe usually worn, and try a pair of our Magnetic Insoles, and be convinced of the power residing in our Magnetic Appliances. Positively no cold feet where they are worn or money refunded.

TO PRESERVE THE HEALTH

Use the Magneton Appliance Co.'s

Magnetic Lung Protector!

Price Only $5.

They are priceless to LADIES, GENTLEMEN and CHILDREN with WEAK LUNGS; no case of Pneumonia or Croup is known where these garments are worn. They also prevent and cure *Heart Difficulties, Colds, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Throat Troubles, Diphtheria, Catarrh, and all kindred diseases.* Will *wear* any service for *three years.* Are worn over the under clothing.

Catarrh. It is needless to describe the symptoms of this nauseous disease that is sapping the life and strength of only too many of the fairest and best of both sexes. Labor, study and research in America, Europe and Eastern lands have resulted in the Magnetic Lung Protector, affording cure for Catarrh, a remedy which contains NO DRUGGING OF THE SYSTEM, and with the continuous stream of Magnetism permeating through the afflicted organs must restore them to a healthy action. We place our price for this Appliance at less than one twentieth of the price asked by others for remedies upon which you take all the chances, and *we especially invite* the patronage of the many persons who have tried drugging their stomachs without effect.

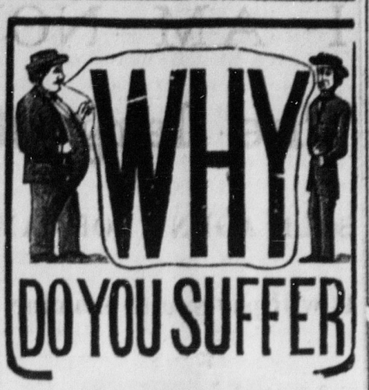
How to Obtain This Appliance. Go to your druggist and ask for them. If they have not got them, write to the proprietors, enclosing the price in letter at our risk, and they will be sent to you at once by mail, post paid.

Send stamp for the "New Departure in Medical Treatment WITHOUT MEDICINE," with thousands of testimonials.

THE MAGNETON APPLIANCE CO.,
218 State Street, Chicago, Ill.

NOTE.—Send one dollar in postage stamps or currency (in letter at our risk) with size of shoe usually worn, and try a pair of our Magnetic Insoles, and be convinced of the power residing in our Magnetic Appliances. Positively no *cold feet where they are worn or money refunded.*

Miscellaneous.



With that **COUGH** when there is a remedy at hand so **pleasant**, so **certain**, and so **safe**, that the most delicate child may take it without danger. It is called

GREEN'S Comp. Syrup of

TAR, HONEY & BLOODROOT

It contains all the virtues of Tar in a *concentrated* form, combined with the best **Expectorants** and **Anodynes**, the whole prepared without the aid of heat, forming the **BEST KNOWN REMEDY** for all affections of the Throat and Lungs.

Try one bottle and be convinced. Price **50 cents** per bottle. Manufactured only by

F. POTTS GREEN, BELLEFONTE, PA.

JAS. HARRIS & CO.,

DEALERS IN

Hardware and Stoves,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

A First-Class Tin Shop in connection with the Establishment.

WISE people are always on the lookout for chances to increase their earnings, and in time become wealthy; those who do not improve their opportunities remain in poverty. We offer a great chance to make money. We want many men, women, boys and girls to work for us right in their own localities. Any one can do the work properly from the first start. The business will pay more than ten times ordinary wages. Expensive outfit furnished free. No one who engages fails to make money rapidly. You can devote your whole time to the work or only your spare moments. Full information and all that is needed sent free. Address, STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine. jan1 dem4w1r

AGENTS WANTED for the New Book,

DEEDS OF DARING

By BLUE AND GRAY.

The great collection of the most thrilling personal adventures on both sides during the great Civil War. Intensely interesting accounts of scouts and spies forlorn hopes, heroic bravery, imprisonments and hairbreadth escapes, romantic incidents, hand-to-hand struggles, humorous and tragic events, perilous journeys, bold dashes, brilliant successes and magnanimous actions on each side the line. 70 chapters, **PROFUSELY ILLUSTRATED** to the life. No other book at all like it. Outsells everything. Address

SCAMMELL & CO.,
aug29 6m Philadelphia, Pa.

FOLDING

THREE-SIDED

MIRRORS.

Enable a view of all sides of the face at the same time. They are the nicest goods for the toilet, especially for ladies or for a shaving glass. A number of handsome styles are made for ornaments, forming a handsome picture when closed, or for the display of a statuette or piece of bric a brac. They are also well adapted for a traveling mirror, and are, therefore, suitable for wedding or birthday presents.

Ask your fancy goods dealer or principal druggist to get them for you.

Hall, Nicoll & Cranberry,

Importers of Artistic and Well-finished Fancy Goods of all kinds.

Nos 20 and 22 John Street,

NEW YORK.

15 46 6m

Railroads.

BALD EAGLE VALLEY RAILROAD.—Time Table May 14, 1883.

WESTWARD	Exp A.M.	Mail P.M.
Leave Lock Haven	4 45	4 00
Flemington	4 48	4 04
Mill Hall	4 52	4 07
Beech Creek	5 01	4 21
Eagleville	5 04	4 26
Howard	5 13	4 36
Mount Eagle	5 18	4 42
Curtin	5 22	4 46
Milesburg	5 30	4 56
Bellefonte	5 40	5 05
Milesburg	5 50	5 15
Snow Shoe Int	5 53	5 19
Unionville	6 02	5 28
Julian	6 12	5 38
Martha	6 22	5 46
Port Matilda	6 29	5 56
Hannah	6 37	6 13
Fowler	6 39	6 06
Bald Eagle	6 49	6 19
Vail	6 53	6 24
Arrive at Tyrone	7 05	6 35
EASTWARD	P.M.	A.M
Leave Tyrone	7 30	8 30
East Tyrone	7 37	8 37
Vail	7 40	8 40
Bald Eagle	7 45	8 45
Fowler	7 54	8 56
Hannah	7 57	8 59
Port Matilda	8 05	9 09
Martha	8 13	9 17
Julian	8 23	9 26
Unionville	8 33	9 37
Snow Shoe Int	8 42	9 47
Milesburg	8 45	9 56
Bellefonte	8 55	10 06
Milesburg	9 05	10 19
Curtin	9 15	10 19
Mount Eagle	9 19	10 23
Howard	9 26	10 32
Eagleville	9 36	10 42
Beech Creek	9 40	10 46
Mill Hall	9 52	10 58
Flemington	9 55	11 01
Arrive at Lock Haven	10 00	11 06

BELLEFONTE & SNOW SHOE R. R.—Time Table in effect on and after May 14, 1883.

Leaves Snow Shoe 4.13 a. m., arrives in Bellefonte 6.20 a m

Leaves Bellefonte 9.30 a m., arrives at Snow Shoe 11.04 a m

Leaves Snow Shoe 3.50 p m., arrives at Bellefonte 5.38 p m

Leaves Bellefonte 8.10 p m, arrives at Snow Shoe 10.40 p m

S S BLAIR, General Sup't

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD Time Table, May 14, 1883.

WESTWARD.	Mixed. P. M.	Mixed. A. M.
Leave Scotia	12 15	5 00
Fairbrook	1 00	6 20
Penn's Furnace	1 15	5 40
Hostler	1 23	5 50
Marengo	1 35	5 55
Loveville f	1 38	6 00
Furnace Road	1 45	6 10
Warriors Mark	2 00	6 25
Pennington	2 12	6 40
West'n Mill f	2 25	6 50
L. and T. Junc	2 31	6 55
Tyrone	2 35	6 58
EASTWARD.	Mixed. P. M.	Mixed. A. M.
Leave Tyrone	4 00	9 20
L. & T. Junc	4 04	9 25
Weston Mill	4 14	9 33
Pennington	4 31	9 48
Warriors Mark	4 42	9 58
Furnace Road	4 57	10 12
Loveville	5 02	10 16
Marengo	5 07	10 22
Hostler	5 17	10 35
Penn's Furnace	5 27	10 44
Fairbrook	5 47	11 03
Scotia	6 20	11 30

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD—(Philadelphia and Erie Division.)—On and after Monday, Oct. 9, 1883:

WESTWARD.		
ERIE MAIL leaves Philadelphia		11 20 p m
" " Harrisburg		4 20 a m
" " Williamsport		8 40 a m
" " Jersey Shore		9 09 a m
" " Lock Haven		9 40 a m
" " Renovo		11 05 a m
" arr at Erie		7 45 p m
NIAGARA EXP. leaves Philadelphia		7 40 a m
" " Harrisburg		11 15 a m
" arr. at Williamsport		2 50 p m
" " Lock Haven		3 55 p m
" " Renovo		5 15 p m
" " Kane		9 03 p m
Passengers by this train arrive in Bellefonte at		5 05 p m
FAST LINE leaves Philadelphia		11 05 a m
" " Harrisburg		3 25 p m
" " Williamsport		7 15 p m
" arr at Lock Haven		8 15 p m
EASTWARD.		
LOCK HAVEN EXP. leaves L. H.		6 50 a m
" " Williamsport		7 55 a m
" arr at Harrisburg		11 30 a m
" " Philadelphia		3 15 p m
DAY EXP. leaves Kane		6 00 a m
" " Renovo		10 05 a m
" " Lock Haven		11 15 a m
" " Williamsport		12 25 p m
" arr at Harrisburg		3 53 p m
" " Philadelphia		7 25 p m
ERIE MAIL leaves Erie		11 15 a m
" " Renovo		9 25 p m
" " Lock Haven		10 40 p m
" " Williamsport		12 40 p m
" arr at Harrisburg		4 05 a m
" " Philadelphia		7 50 a m

Hop Bitters.

Delicate and Feeble Ladies.

Those languid and tiresome sensations, causing you to feel scarcely able to be on your feet; that constant drain that is taking from your system all its former elasticity; driving the bloom from your cheeks; that continual strain upon your vital forces, rendering you irritable and fretful, can easily be removed by the use of that marvelous remedy, Hop Bitters. Irregularities and obstruction of your system are relieved at once, while the special cause of periodical pain are permanently removed. None receive so much benefit, and none are so profoundly grateful and show such an interest in recommending Hop Bitters as women.

FEELS YOUNG AGAIN.

"My mother was afflicted a long time with Neuralgia and a dull heavy inactive condition of the whole system; headache, nervous prostration, and was almost helpless. No physicians or medicines did her any good. Three months ago she began to use Hop Bitters with such good effect that she seems and feels young again, although over 70 years old. We think there is no other medicine fit to use in the family."—A lady in Providence.

BEDFORD, PA., May 8, 1875.

It has cured me of several diseases, such as nervousness, sickness of the stomach, monthly troubles, etc. I have not seen a sick day in a year, since I took Hop Bitters. All my neighbors use them.

MRS. FANNIE GREEN.

$3,000 LOST.—"A tour of Europe that cost me $3,000, did me less good than one bottle of Hop Bitters; they also cured my wife of fifteen years' nervous weakness, sleeplessness and dyspepsia." R. M., Auburn, N. Y.

HIGH AUTHORITY.

Hop Bitters is not in any sense an alcoholic beverage or liquor, and could not be sold for use except to persons desirous of obtaining a medicinal bitters. GREEN B. RAUB,
U. S. Com. Inter'l Rev.

SIRS.—I have been suffering ten years and I tried your Hop Bitters and it did me more good than all the doctors. MISS S. S. BOONE.
SO. BLOOMINGVILLE, O., May 1, '79.

BABY SAVED.

We are so thankful to say that our nursing baby was permanently cured of a dangerous and protracted constipation and irregularity of the bowels by the use of Hop Bitters by its mother, which at the same time restored her to perfect health and strength.—The Parents, Rochester, N. Y. 15 9 1y

ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS

—Williamsport's Edison Electric Light Company has a capital of $100,000.

—The Adelphic Orchestra sweetly awakened the echoes in the vicinity of the Diamond the other evening.

—Two immense pages of Garman's Hotel register were filled with the names of arrivals on Monday of last week.

—The car works building would be an excellent place in which to locate the agricultural implement manufactory.

—A change in the temperature last evening congealed the water on the walks to ice, causing pedestrians to exert caution.

—Young men, remember the literary society in the Y. M. C. A. hall at 7:30 o'clock every Thursday evening. You are invited to attend.

—The Presbyterians are preparing to fill a box with useful articles to send to a western missionary for a Christmas present.

—Judge Maynard, of Williamsport, is making extensive improvements at Minnequa Springs which will render it a very attractive resort next summer.

—It gives us peculiar pleasure to learn that the revival services which have been in progress for some time at Hoy's school house have been unusually successful. Sunday, Nov. 25, there were twenty-two persons humbly seeking forgiveness of their sins. Go on with the good work.

—Rev. Mr. Mattern was the happy recipient, a faw days ago, of a splendid donation from his friends at Valentines' Forge, Pleasant Gap and at the Rock church. The donation included a large number of articles which are peculiarly useful at this season of the year, and Rev. Mattern and his family are duly grateful.

—Monday night of last week was one of the worst for perambulating through the streets of Bellefonte we ever imagined. The mud and water were deep on every crossing and the night was so dark that it was almost impossible to discover the existence of a mud puddle until after the splash of your foot into it made you sensibly aware of its proximity.

—A middle-aged man and a young man had a pugilistic encounter near the Friends' meeting house on Monday, Nov. 26. They both divested themselves of their coats and the older man won the first round by knocking his antagonist into the middle of the street. The younger man, concluding that his chief merit as a fighter lay in his running abilities, seized his coat and made a hasty escape, the older man following after.

—The station building burned at Martha Furnace on Monday, Nov. 26, was owned by Mr. Budd Thompson who acted as agent for the Pennsylvania Railroad Company. In addition to Mr. Thompson's store and cigar factory it seems that the express office and postoffice were also in the building. The postoffice loses $20 worth of stamps and mails. The express goods, books and papers lost were valued at about $25.

—The Bellefonte News is hammering away for new industrial enterprises in that place. The people of Bellefonte should support such a paper, as it is worth much to the community.—*L. H. Journal.*

Thank you, Mr. *Journal*, we can say the same of you. The *Journal* has used its best efforts to attract industries of all kinds to Lock Haven and it deserves the best support that the citizens can give. You have done your part in making Lock Haven prosperous.

—According to a contemporary, hugging parties, for the purpose of increasing church exchequers, are numerous in some of the counties in the northern part of this State. The following rates have been established: Girls under 15, 25 cents for each hug of two minutes; from 15 to 20 years of age, 50 cents; from 20 to 25, 75 cents; another man's wife, $1; widows, according to looks, from 10 cents to $2; grass widows, few offered, but in active demand; old maids, 3 cents a piece or two for a nickel, and no limit of time.

—The coolness exhibited by the men who fired the railroad station at Martha Furnace on Monday morning, November 26, was quite remarkable. Although they must have heard the clerk, Dorsey Woodring, enter the building, they did not leave the place until he went out of the store and came around to where they were to see what was occasioning so much noise. He and others who have investigated the affair believe that the incendiaries first saturated the place with coal oil which caused it to burn so rapidly. We understand that the business established by the Thompsons has met with a similar fate on several previous occasions.

Court Proceedings.

Court convened Nov. 26 at 10 a. m. regular session, His Honor, Judge Hoy, presiding. Associate Judge Smith was also present. After hearing a number of petitions and motions, in the Orphans Court and Court of Common Pleas, they proceeded to hear a Surety of the Peace case of the Commonwealth against Wm. Wolf. After hearing the case the Court directed the defendant to pay costs of prosecution and enter into recognizance in sum of $300 that he keep the peace towards all good people, and especially towards A. B. Snyder, for the period of one year.

In the afternoon Associate Judge Larimer was also on the bench. The Grand Jury was called over and Mr E. B. Hosterman made foreman. His Honor Judge Hoy delivered quite an elaborate charge to the Grand Jury, in which he detailed briefly the history of the jury and defined the duties of grand jurors very fully and comprehensively, impressing upon them particularly that they must keep secret all information they might receive in the Grand Jury room while performing their duties as jurors.

The routine business of the Court was gone through with as usual.

The case of John F. Potter vs. Frederick Houser was called for trial, Judge Orvis appearing for Mr. Potter and D. S. Keller and A. O. Furst, Esqs., for Mr. Houser. The case consumed all of the afternoon and the arguments were made the next morning, after which Judge Hoy delivered his first charge to a traverse jury. The jury rendered a verdict in favor of the defendent, after remaining locked up for two hours.

The first case that came on for trial was the Commonwealth vs Levi Reynolds, for assault and battery, upon one Mrs. McClellan, of Philipsburg. The defendant was found guilty by the jury.

The next case tried was Commonwealth vs. Daniel Smay for receiving stolen goods. The Commonwealth failing to prove the goods stolen, the Court directed a verdict of not guilty.

In the case of Commonwealth against James Norris for horse stealing a jury was empaneled before dinner when court adjourned to 2 o'clock.

The trial of the commonwealth vs. James Norris occupied the principal time of the court until Wednesday noon. D. F. Fortney was appointed by the Court to defend the prisoner. Col. Hastings assisted the Dist. Attorney in the prosecution. The case was very warmly contested by the respective counsel, as well as ably conducted, and reflected considerable credit upon the younger members of our bar. Especially does it on defendent's counsel, taking into consideration that the case was thrust upon him by the Court, and going into the trial of it without any previous preparation. His Honor Judge Hoy was repeatedly called upon for rulings on the admission of evidence, which he did with all the promptness and decision of a long tried and experienced judge.

The grand jury disposed of the following bills of indictment:

Commonwealth vs. Daniel L. Mowry. Prosecutrix, Jennie M. Rankin. True bill. Defendent plead guilty and sentenced.

Same vs. Thomas Blake, assault and battery. Ignoramus and the county to pay the costs.

Same vs. Wm. Osewalt, assault and battery and maltreatment of an infant. True bill. Defendent plead guilty same day.

Same vs. James McCafferty and Patrick Gerrity, assault and battery. True bill.

Same vs. Sarah Pinkney, larceny. True bill.

Same vs. David Hicks, horse stealing. True bill.

Morning and Evening Spectacles.

On Tuesday morning, Nov. 27, the rising sun glowed in the east in a remarkable manner. We did not rise in time to get the full benefit of it, however, and only refer to it because a similar scene, on a scale of increased grandeur, was visible in the evening. The sun disappeared from a cloudless but somewhat hazy sky and a minute or two thereafter a red, unbroken glow suffused the entire western horizon. It continued more than a half hour and was unlike anything ever observed in the heavens before, in this vicinity. So strange and unnatural did it appear that many persons expressed the positive conviction that it was the reflection from a great fire. It resembled the glow caused by the fire of a furnace. A spectacle somewhat similar is sometimes presented in the sky over a great city when every street is brilliantly illuminated and the observer is surveying it from some high point in the distance. Ordinarily the prettiest sunsets hereabouts are produced by a combination of dark clouds and clear sky, but the spectacle last evening followed a calm and cloudless day with nothing apparently to caused any extraordinary appearance.

Death on the Seven Mountains.

The following account of a fatal shooting accident on the Seven Mountains appeared in the Lewistown *Free Press*. We first noticed it, however, in the Altoona *Tribune*, from which we copy, as many of our readers are doubtless acquainted with the parties:

Valentine Spiglemoyer, of Tyrone, formerly of Decatur township, Mifflin county, had been out on the Seven Mountains for almost the past two weeks hunting deer. On last Friday morning he, in company with Harvey Brittain and D. F. Moore, of Siglerville, two persons from Port Treverton, and S. S. Wagner and two sons, of near Milroy, with whom Mr. Spiglemoyer had been stopping, started for the mountains. Upon reaching a deer crossing, Mr. Spiglemoyer was stationed there while the other party went out to start up some game. Between ten and eleven o'clock the party heard the report of a gun, and supposed it to be Mr. Spiglemoyer's but did not go at once to see what had caused it. But about noon one of the men from Port Treverton went to where Mr. Spiglemoyer had been left a few hours before, and to his horror found him lying on the broad of his back upon the ground with life extinct, his gun lying near him with one empty barrel, which told the tale. The rest of the party were at once called together, but it was decided not to remove the body until an inquest could be held. A jury was summoned by Esquire Brown, of Milroy, and a verdict of accidental shooting rendered. As to exactly how the fatal accident occurred will likely forever remain a mystery, but it is altogether probable that he had mounted a pine stump at the crossing for the purpose of being better enabled to see the approach of any game, and while he was in that position, with the butt of his gun resting upon it the weapon slipped from his grasp and in its descent the hammer struck the stump and one barrel of the weapon was discharged. This seems to be a feasible theory of the accident for the reason that the load had entered the body at the pit of the stomach and lodged just under the skin of the right breast, where thirteen buckshot were plainly discernable.

The deceased was aged about 24 years and was unmarried. His remains were interred in the Ridge church grave yard, Decatur township on Monday.

The Fire at Martha Furnace.

The fire which destroyed the depot building and Thompsen's store at Martha Furnace on Monday, Nov. 26, was started by incendiaries between 2 and 3 a. m. Dorsey Woodring, the clerk in Thompson's store, came to the store at that hour for some purpose and just as he entered heard the noise of a heavy body falling outside. He was frightened, but proceeded outside to see what caused it. When he reached the front of the building just beneath the window the fire suddenly flashed up and he saw two men running away. He fired at them without effect. He tried to put out the fire, but as it gained on him he aroused Mr. Thompson's family, including Kyle McFarlane who was staying there that night. They all went to work to put out the fire, but were unable to do so. It would have been better if they had first tried to save some of the contents as all was destroyed, including the valuable papers in at least two of the safes. The contents of the third safe, which has not yet been opened, are probably all right. Mr. Thompson's loss will reach about $5,000 on which there is no insurance. The loss to the railroad was comparatively slight.

A small frame station is now being built. Mr. Thompson, who is very enterprising, will rebuild soon.

Among the cigars lost by Mr. Thompson were 30,000 which had been stamped on Saturday, the 24th.

A Pension Fraud.

A man about 5 feet 5 inches high, light complexion, sandy mustache and imperial, wearing a G. A. R. vest and coat, and at times a full suit, about 52 years of age, and weighing 120 pounds, is out on the war path. He travels under several aliases and represents himself to be a United States detective and pension examiner, and claims the right to take up pension papers and promises to have pensions increased for those who will pay him a fee of from $2 to $5. Pensioners are warned to steer clear of this fellow, as he is a genuine fraud. He also talks religion and temperance, but likes a drink. At times he says he is a Methodist minister. Should this clerical-detective-pension-examiner come to town he will receive a warm welcome.

The Karthaus Coal Field.

Karthaus is in the northeast corner of Clearfield county. It is twenty-five miles from Clearfield, twenty-five miles from Bellefonte, thirty miles from Renovo and twenty from Driftwood. Within a year the Pennsylvania railroad has been building the Susquehanna and Clearfield road down from Philipsburg. It is now nearly completed, and ready for traffic in coal and timber. The Karthaus estate holds 6,000 acres of land, lying in Covington and Karthaus townships, and underlaid with coal. About 1,000 acres of this have been leased to Harned, Jacobs & Co., of Philadelphia. Mr. John Whitehead, of Huntingdon, who is a partner in the firm, is superintending the opening of the coal. Mr. Whitehead has erected an inclined plane from the railroad to the coal on the hill. It is 1,500 feet long, and in that distance rises 400 feet to the coal. This place will have a capacity of 500 tons a day. Mr. Whitehead has erected several houses at this point for the use of the miners, and in thirty days will be ready to ship coal. The improvements made by this firm are extensive and have been done in a substantial manner, and when completed will compare with any in the State.—*Coal Trade Journal.*

A Card.

CENTRAL CITY, Nov. 26, 1883.

MR. EDITOR—*Dear Sir:* Will you give the following a place in your next issue:

A sneak of a correspondent of the *Centre Democrat* has this to say of me, and I suppose I am the man referred to as I am the only one in Central City who is a government employe. He says: "There is a man living in Central City—a minor government employe—who is silly enough to think that some believe him when he says that he was offered one thousand dollars ($1,000) for his political influence." I never said that and the person that penned that article is a wilful liar ashamed to put his name to his article.

I may have said and will repeat that "I would not vote the Democratic ticket if any person would give me one thousand dollars for the vote."

This may appear a strong saying to some, but it is my honest sentiment. I am poor, have lost one arm, shot off by a Democrat in a Democratic rebellion, and think you, Mr. Editor, that I could vote for the party or its candidates that crippled me for life?—not any. Thanks to a good Republican government and party for kindly taking care of me and all deserving ones.

This the writer of that imfamous lie does not like. Again he says that for truth and veracity I am far below par. I will just say I will leave this for my neighbors to decide. I am not ashamed to give my name to what I write and will resent what is said against my good name although I have but one arm to defend myself with. JAMES MCMULLEN.

Vanderbilt's Coal and Iron Police.

The Williamsport *Breakfast Table* says that Thomas E. Clark, who is now captain of the coal and iron police at Osceola, Clearfield county, will probably accept a similar and more lucrative position on Vanderbilt's railroad between Jersey Shore and Clearfield, of which Hon. Wm. A. Wallace is president. Sixty officers will be required to complete the force, a man to each mile of the road.

—F. X. Lehman, of the Butts House restaurant, serves bear meat for lunch. It is considered fine by the epicures who frequent that popular resort for refreshments.

Prospectus.

THE SUN,

NEW YORK, 1884.

About sixty million copies of THE SUN have gone out of our establishment during the past twelve months.

If you were to paste end to end all the columns of all THE SUNS printed and sold last year you would get a continuous strip of interesting information, common sense wisdom, sound doctorine, and sane wit long enough to reach from Printing House square to the top of Mount Copernicus in the moon, then back to Printing House square, and then three-quarters of the way back to the moon again.

But THE SUN is written for the inhabitants of the earth; this same strip of intelligence would girdle the globe twenty seven or twenty-eight times.

If every buyer of a copy of THE SUN during the past year has spent only one hour over it, and if his wife or his grandfather has spent another hour, this newspaper in 1883 has afforded the human race thirteen thousand years of steady reading, night and day.

It is only by little calculations like these that you can form any idea of the circulation of the most popular of American newspapers, or of its influence on the opinions and actions of American men and women.

THE SUN is, and will continue to be, a newspaper which tells the truth without fear of consequences, which gets at the facts no matter what the process costs, which presents the the news of all the world without waste of words and in the most readable shape, which is working with all its heart for the cause of honest government, and which therefore believes that the Republican party must go, and must go in this coming year of our Lord, 1884.

If you know THE SUN, you like it already, and you will read it with accustomed diligence and profit during what is sure to be the most interesting year in history. If you do not yet know THE SUN, it is high time to get into the sunshine.

Terms to Mail Subscribers.

The several editions of THE SUN are sent by mail, postpaid, as follows:

DAILY—50 cents a month, $6 a year; with Sunday edition, $7.

SUNDAY—Eight pages. This edition furnishes the current news of the world, special articles of exceptional interest to everybody, and literary reviews of new books of the highest merit. $1 a year.

WEEKLY—$1 a year. Eight pages of the best matter of the daily issues; an Agricultural Department of unequalled value, special market reports, and literary, scientific, and domestic intelligence make THE WEEKLY SUN the newspaper for the farmer's household. To clubs of ten with $10, an extra copy free.

Address I. W. ENGLAND, Publisher, THE SUN N. Y. City.
15-44-6.

BARTRUFF'S

Is the place to go for

New Carriages, Buggies, Wagons

and to have old ones repaired

Prospectus.

"GET THE BEST" FOR THE PRESIDENTIAL YEAR.

The New York Tribune,

THE LEADING PAPER.

Heartily Republican in Politics.

The Tribune this year is cheaper than ever, and it promises to be better than ever. Unlike some of its would-be rivals, it has not reduced character with price. It does not seek increased circulation by pandering to the tastes of the vicious or the prurient. A trusted, clean, wholesome family paper, it has long enjoyed the largest circulation among the best people—the industrious, frugal and moral, whom every community recognizes as its best citizens—and it means to keep and increase this circulation by continuing to deserve.

The Tribune is the leading New York daily—complete in news, strong and sound in comment, pure in tone, large and legible in print—spending money lavishly for news, and as lavishly for brains to handle it. It gives, with absolute fairness and all possible accuracy, the news of the whole world, best worth the attention of intelligent men and women; and is recognized as the authority on political, business, bank, railroad and financial, literary, educational, scientific, social and religious intelligence.

The Tribune is heartily Republican; and believes that the restoration of the Democratic party to power, after twenty-four years' exile, would be as disastrous as a revolution. Every important material interest in the country dreads such a change in 1884. *The Tribune* confidently believes it can be prevented, and to that end asks your aid.

The Tribune is always on the side of morality, good order, reform and progress. It warmly sympathizes with every practical effort to restrict the traffic in intoxicating liquors. It always favors the cause of honest labor; and in the interest of the American Workingman supports a Protective Tariff. It has no interest, for or against corporations, to hinder its taking the just and fair course, best for all the people and the whole country. It is the organ of no person or faction, is under no control save that of its editor, and knows no obligation save that to the public.

The Weekly Tribune; for a third of a century the favorite of our substantial rural population. Larger and wider circulation than any other weekly issued from the office of a daily in the United States. A complete weekly newspaper of sixteen, and sometimes twenty-four pages; agricultural matter believed by farmers to be the best published; full markets and many features of interest in the home circle. This year two series of special articles, one for young men, the other for farmers. Indispensible for the Presidential canvass.

The Semi-Weekly Tribune; the best substitute for the Daily; all the matter of the latter of more than transient interest, and all the special features of the Weekly. Sixteen to twenty pages.

TERMS TO MAIL SUBSCRIBERS, POST PAID.

[Counting postage, about 2 cents a copy on all editions. The most in quantity and value, for the least money, of any paper in America.]

DAILY—75 cents a month; $1 75 for 3 months; $7 a year; with Sunday edition, $8.50.

WEEKLY—$1.25 a year; in clubs of 10, $1 a year, with extra copy to man sending club.

SEMI-WEEKLY—$2 50 a year; in clubs of 10, $2 a year, with extra copy.

PREMIUMS FOR 1884.

[*Always the best—this year more costly and varied than ever.*]

LARGEST AND BEST MAPS.

RAND & McNALLY'S ATLAS OF THE WORLD, 304 pages royal quarto, bound in Russia leather, 116 large maps, over 225 colored illustrations, and 650 pages of description and statistics. Best Atlas published in America. Retail price $22.50. Sold only as subscription book, except as premium for N. Y. TRIBUNE. Completest book for reference as to geography of every country of the world.

For $22.50—The Atlas and *Daily Tribune* one year.

For $25—Atlas and 10 copies *Weekly* one year; or, 2 copies *Weekly* for 5 years each; or, *Daily* 1½ years.

For $34—Atlas and 20 *Weeklies* one year; or, 2 *Semi Weeklies* 5 years each; or, 2 copies *Daily* for 1½ years.

For $43—Atlas and 30 copies *Weekly* one year.

For $62 50—Atlas and 50 copies *Weekly* 1 year.

For $125—Atlas and 125 copies *Weekly* 1 year.

Express charges paid by subscriber. If to be sent by mail, remit $1 24 for postage. For most points express is cheaper.

HOUSEHOLD MEDICINE.

WOOD'S HOUSEHOLD PRACTICE OF MEDICINE, HYGIENE AND SURGERY; a practical treatise for families, travelers, seamen, miners and others, written by the leading physicians of New York City and Philadelphia; edited by Dr. Frederick A. Castle, of New York; in two volumes, imperial octavo, 819 and 942 pp.; profusely illustrated with engravings; price in muslin, $10; not sold in book stores, and only to be procured of publisher's authorized agents, except through this offer of *The Tribune*. No other newspaper can or will be able to offer it. Thousands sent out already, and not one complaint received. A practical book, for every day use, which will pay for itself in a few months.

For $10—Wood's Household Practice and *Weekly Tribune* for 5 years to one subscriber.

For $15—Household Practice and *Semi-Weekly Tribune* 5 years to one subscriber; or, 10 copies *Weekly* one year.

For $25—Household Practice and 20 copies *Weekly* one year.

Postage $1.10. Express generally cheaper.

THE SINGLE SUBSCRIBER'S CHANCE.

RIDPATH'S HISTORY OF THE UNITED STATES, from the first settlement to the assassination of Garfield. By JOHN CLARK RIDPATH, A. M., LL. D., of Asbury University. Illustrated with numerous maps, charts and portraits. Large 8 vo., 7x9¼ inches, 752 pages. Printed by the Methodist Book Concern. Retail price $3.

For $3—Ridpath's History and *Weekly Tribune* one year.

For $4—History and *Semi-Weekly* one year, postage free.

For Piano Players

THE SONATAS OF BEETHOVEN, folio, 893 pages, with gilt edges, elegantly bound in embossed cloth. Retail price, $4.50. Finely printed from engraved plates. Contains thirty-eight Sonatas, known to musicians as one of the finest collections of valuable and not too difficult music in existence. Every teacher would wish a pupil to have them.

For $4.50—Sonatas of Beethoven and *Weekly Tribune* one year.

For $5.50—Sonatas and *Semi-Weekly* one year.

For $8 50—Sonatas and *Weekly* for five years.

For $13 50—Sonatas and *Semi-Weekly* for five years.

Postage, 50 cents. Express often cheaper.

Unabridged Dictionary.

Webster's or Worcester's Pictorial Unabridged Quarto Dictionary—latest and best edition of either.

$12, for Dictionary and *Weekly Tribune* for 5 years; or,

$17, for Dictionary and *Semi Weekly Tribune* for 5 years; or,

$16, for Dictionary and *Daily Tribune* 1 year. Postage, $1. Express often cheaper

Town Libraries.

The Tribune makes an offer for the formation of Town Libraries. Send for circular.

AGENTS WANTED AT EVERY POST OFFICE.

Circulars describing full all *Tribune* premiums, and sample copies, sent free on application. Remit in registered letter, money order, postal note or draft on New York. If by postal note, please write on it: "For THE NEW YORK TRIBUNE." Address simply,

15 47 THE TRIBUNE, NEW YORK.

INSURANCE.

INSURANCE effected on all kinds of Properties, in Companies of undoubted strength and security, at standard rates.

INSURE AGAINST LOSS AND DAMAGE BY

FIRE AND LIGHTNING.

9-6-1y. GEORGE L. POTTER

Furst's Building.) High street, Bellefonte

Miscellaneous.

J. E. Caldwell & Co.

• Best Quality •
• Silver-Plated •
• Wares •
and
• Table Cutlery. •

Mail orders and inquiries receive prompt attention.

902 Chestnut Street,
Philadelphia.

I5 393m

CONSUMPTION.

I have a positive remedy for the above disease; by its use thousands of cases of the worst kind and of long standing have been cured. Indeed, so strong is my faith in its efficacy, that I will send TWO BOTTLES FREE, together with a VALUABLE TREATISE on this disease, to any sufferer. Give express and P. O. address. DR. T. A. SLOCUM, 181 Pearl St., New York.
15-45 4t

SMITH'S

GERMAN OLIO!

THE GREAT GERMAN REMEDY

—FOR—

RHEUMATISM,

Neuralgia, Dyspepsia and all Diseases of the Stomach, Bowels, Blood, Liver and Kidneys.

For sale by all Dealers in Medicine at 50 cents a bottle.

Prepared and sold at wholesale by the

GERMAN OLIO COMPANY, (Limited),

32 Willow Street Williamsport, Pa.

PHILADELPHIA WHOLESALE AGENCIES: JOHNSTON, HOLLOWAY & CO., 602 Arch St. SMITH, KLINE & CO., 309 & 311 North Third Street. 15-33-1

WE WANT 1000 BOOK AGENTS For Gen. JOHN B. GOUGH'S New Book THIRTY-THREE YEARS AMONG OUR WILD INDIANS.

The Great Temperance Lecturer, Historian, Humorist, Reformer, Etc., and Gen. W. T. SHERMAN, the Great Commander, Statesman and Soldier, Endorse this book and join in saying that it is the best book on Indians Life ever written, and the Most Popular book ever issued. Agents will do well to send for our extra terms and 1000 Page Circulars, containing full description of the book, testimonials, etc., and secure territory at once. The fastest selling book ever published. Agents are selling from 10 to 50 a day. Our 1000 Agents are all making money. Extra terms to the trade. Address J. C. McCURDY & CO., Hartford, Conn.
15-47-4t.

VANDERBILT HOUSE.

Honesty, civility, hospitality and good whiskey are what every guest of the Vanderbilt House will find. Situated 1w miles northwest of the New Shoe City. Rates the lowest.
J. J. DELANEY, Proprietor.
v15-n38-1y

FITS

A Leading London Physician establishes an Office in New York for the Cure of EPILEPTIC FITS.

From *Am. Journal of Medicine.*

Dr. ab. Mesereau, Chief of London Hospital, Inventor of Bromide of Ammonium, Bromide of Potassium, Bromide of Sodium, and other Bromides, has made a special study of Epilepsy, and has succeeded in curing more cases than any other living physician. His success is unparalleled. He has a positive remedy for the disease, which he guarantees to cure. Persons who have been afflicted for years, and have spent large sums of money in vain, should not fail to write him. He will send a large bottle of his wonderful cure free to any sufferer who may send their express and P.O. address to him. Dr. AB. MESEREAU, No. 96 John St., New York.

CARDS Esthetic (4 designs). Something good. Mailed on receipt of six cents (postage). HEADEN & Co., P. O. Box 1487, N. Y.

$72 A week made at home by the industrious. Best business now before the public. Capital not needed. We will start you. Men, women, boys and girls wanted everywhere to work for us. Now is the time. You can work in spare time only or give your whole time to the business. You can live at home and do the work. No other business will pay you nearly as well. No one can fail to make enormous pay by engaging at once. Costly outfit and terms free. Money made fast, easily and honorably. Address TRUE & Co., Augusta, Me. [mddm&wly

LIVE AGENTS WANTED.

To sell Dr. Chase's Recipes; or Information for everybody, in every county in the United States and Canadas. Enlarged by the publisher to 648 pages. It contains over 2,000 household recipes and is suited to all classes and conditions of society. A wonderful book and a household necessity. It sells at sight. Greatest inducements ever offered to book agents. Sample copies sent by mail, postpaid, for $2.00. Exclusive territory given. Agents more than double their money. Address Dr. Chase's Steam Printing House, Ann Arbor, Michigan.
13 42 3m

Bellefonte Republican.

EDWARD T. TUTEN, - - Editor

Terms, $2.00 per annum in Advance

Local Department.

Notice.

We have for several weeks been promising to send a collector to Millheim, Spring Mills, Aaronsburg, Rebersburg, Woodward, Madisonburg and Wolfs Store. Mr. A. B. Steele was to make this trip, but he has again disappointed us. We have therefore secured the services of Mr. Samuel T. Brooks, who will visit these places within the next two weeks.

EDWARD T. TUTEN.

—Rebersburg is to have a musical convention.

—Penn Hall children are afflicted with mumps.

—The time for the New England tea party approaches.

—Mr. Jonathan Kreamer, of Millheim, is still quite ill.

—Judge Hoy's charge to the jury Friday night was an excellent one.

—Daniel Raush, of Madisonburg, recently shot a 28-pound wild turkey.

—A Salona, Clinton county, man has sixteen farms, but no wife. He is open for proposals.

—The services in the Episcopal church on Thanksgiving morning were, as usual, impressive.

—Next Saturday the festival of the Immaculate Conception of the Blessed Virgin, will be observed as a holyday by Catholics.

—The fields on both sides of Curtin street are yellow with blossoming dandelions. Folks out there seem to have perpetual summer.

—The work on the foundation of the new Catholic church is, apparently, completed as a state of inactivity prevails about that vicinity.

—Paul Vosburg, of Tyrone, had a somewhat difficult time in ejecting a tramp from the residence of his brother-in-law the other day.

—The Spring creek bridge is about completed. It is not as handsome as we expected it would be. It looks substantial and perhaps it is, but that time alone will determine.

—Mrs. Robart, an aunt of Mrs. William H. Armstrong, also an aunt of Hon. Samuel J. Randall, died at the Armstrong mansion, West Fourth street, Williamsport, on Wednesday, aged 92 years. The remains were conveyed to Philadelphia for interment.

—The new books for the Y. M. C. A. library have arrived, and no books will be issued for a few days, or, until further notice. The library will be re-arranged, and catalogued. All persons having books out belonging to the library are requested to return them promptly.

—The Union church (Lutheran and Reformed) at Farmer's Mills, after having undergone thorough repair and remodeling, will be re dedicated to the service of God on Sunday, December 9. Ministers from a distance will be present to take an important part in the dedicatory service. All neighboring pastors and congregations are cordially invited to be present as well as the public generally.

—On Wednesday, November 28 the ladies of St. John's Protestant Episcopal church organized a society to be called the "Bellefonte Branch of Woman's Auxiliary to the Board of Missions." The society will meet once in every two weeks, on Wednesday afternoon at 3 o'clock in the Sunday-school room of the church. All ladies interested in missionary work at home or abroad are cordially and earnestly invited to attend at the time mentioned.

—The next piano fund concert of the Bellefonte Orchestra will be held in Reynolds' Hall, on Thursday evening, the 13th inst. The conclusion to hold it in Reynolds' Hall has just been arrived at, and we are sure that our readers who have been in the new hall since the improvements have been made on it will agree that this is a sensible conclusion. The programme for the concert is one of the most pleasing ever prepared by the orchestra and none of our musical people should miss it.

—This borough, as all know, is heavily in debt. Finable offences against the law are being committed almost momentarily. Why not enforce the law in reference to swearing, which imposes a fine on every oath, and appropriate the proceeds towards defraying the borough debt? If the law could be rigidly enforced Bellefonte would be free of debt in less than a fortnight, and some of the offenders would be financially ruined, but morally benefited.

Three Young Men.

All day on Friday the Quarter Sessions court was engaged in the trial of three young men on the charge of assault and battery. The affray, or fight, or whatever you choose to call it followed the celebration of Thanksgiving day. These young men work industriously during each work day of the year, but on this great national Thanksgiving day they took advantage of a temporary holiday and sallied forth to enjoy themselves.

The day should properly have been observed in giving thanks for blessings innumerable received, but how different was the way in which these young men, yea and hundreds of other young men, choose to observe it. How strange it is that much of the enjoyment which young men seek for is found in the wine cup or still more commonly in a drink of whiskey. These deadly draughts which take away their senses, inflame their passions and render them demons has for them a fascination which knows of no resistance.

Ah, methinks that the heavens look down and weep over the wild orgies of the night. Each star is a tear drop drawn from Heaven's own sympathetic blue for these young men. These and other young men not only injure and wreck themselves, but how much sorrow their actions cause! How many mothers are weeping? How many sisters are agonizing? How do all who admire young men sorrow over their mad infatuation?

The incident of Friday (the trial being continued at night) aroused much interest and the court room was filled at the evening session. No political meeting of the season called together a larger or more interested assemblage. The attorneys on either side introduced much of so called humor into their speeches, but oh there was no occasion for humor. The sight was sad, sad, sad. To see young men treading the path to the world of future woe is enough to cause even Satan to repent of the part which he has taken to ruin the world and with sin-stained, unholy finger up-raised bid these young men retreat.

The occasion should be a temperance lesson to all. Oh, that every one who attended the trial Friday night might learn to hate the apparent cause of all this transgression—WHISKEY. Oh, that it could be written across the zenith of heaven in letters of flame: "Behold he that drinks whiskey takes one step toward his eternal ruin!"

Economy in the Manufacture of Gas.

It was ascertained early in the summer of the present year that the waste of gas in Bellefonte equalled 47 per cent. of the entire product of the works of the gas company, or in other words, that the gas company was paid for but 53 per cent. of the amount of gas manufactured by them. This startling discovery, which showed such a loss to the gas company, naturally caused the board of directors to institute an inquiry in regard to the cause, and they immediately called to their assistance Mr. William Helme, of Philadelphia, the original builder of the present works, which were erected 27 years ago and which have been in continuous operation all that time with but little modification. Mr. Helme immediately started a series of experiments to ascertain just where and how the loss was occasioned. Many leaks were discovered in the pipes which were at once repaired. The main trouble, however, seemed to exist in the hydraulic main into which gas passes immediately after it is manufactured and from which the escape into the purifier was not sufficiently rapid. A small steam engine was erected for the purpose of exhausting the gas from this main more rapidly and with satisfactory results. Two months ago the loss by waste had decreased to 37 per cent., and now that a bench of new clay retorts has been erected, a new and improved standard metre introduced, the exhauster referred to put into mechanical operation, and the pipes thoroughly overhauled in laying new steam pipes it is expected that the waste in gas will be reduced to the minimum. This will enable the gas company to receive pay for the full amount of gas manufactured, and will also enable them, as a consequence, to reduce the price of gas very materially. It is confidently expected that the work being done the present month will enable the gas company, on and after the first of January next, to reduce the price of gas to consumers from $3 to $2 per thousand feet. At this rate of reduction our people can afford not only to use gas more freely, but can introduce it with economy into their heating and cooking operations.

A small gas stove placed in an ordinary bed room will, we are confidently informed, take the chill off the atmosphere sufficiently to render the apartment very comfortable for sleeping in and it has been asserted by some of our people that with gas at $3 per thousand feet, taking its greater convenience into account, it is more economical in summer time for cooking purposes than coal. At least one of our citizens, Mr. Adolph Loeb, has, we are informed, made a practical test of this and can relate some entertaining incidents relative to his experience with a gas stove during the past summer.

Carlisle for Speaker.

Bellefonte Democrats were much disturbed on Sunday over the news received from Washington on Saturday night and generally circulated among them on Sunday that Carlisle was the caucus favorite for speaker. Admitting that there are two or three sparks of piety among the Democrats, the desire to talk politics quickly extinguished these sparks and the length of the average Democratic countenance showed plainly that he was receiving the news for the first time and that it caused in his breast a foreboding of evil to follow. The dispatch stated that in caucus Carlisle had received 106 votes, Randall 52, Cox 30. A different result had been so confidently hoped for and expected that the information proved to be quite prostrating in several instances, and in one or two individual cases it was feared that the results would be fatal. "Terrible, terrible!" muttered Prothonotary Harper. "This is worse than the Virginia election," said Heinle. "It's a death blow to Democracy in the North," echoed Fortney. "I've a notion to go down there and exert my personal influence in favor of Randall," remarked Sternberg. "Who cares about politics today; I'm going to the Y. M. C. A.," poetically said Gephart. "Wonder if the Free Traders really do control the Democratic party?" queried the junior editor of the *Democrat*. And so on *ad infinitum*. Republicans generally looked happy, but as they do not believe in concerning themselves much about politics on Sunday they reserved their remarks until a more favorable time.

—Hon. L. A. Mackey, of Lock Haven, and Edmund Blanchard, Esq., of this place, spent Saturday last in making a general survey of the route of the Bellefonte, Nittany and Lemont railroad, soliciting the right of way and returned at an early hour in the evening pleased with their success. In addition to the releases previously secured these gentlemen, on Saturday, secured six more, leaving only four or five yet to secure and they do not apprehend any trouble in convincing these hesitating individuals that it will be immensely to their benefit to surrender the right of way over their properties. In a majority of instance, the fear of damage which is expressed by hesitating property owners is entirely unfounded. The Bellefonte, Nittany and Lemont railroad company do not request the right of way as a free gift reserving the unlimited privilege to accomplish as much damage to a man's property as they please, but they freely offer him bonds of indemnification for all injury sustained by person or property. In view of the fact that the gentlemen who are controlling these affairs seem to mean business and are apparently working for the benefit of Centre county, we again urge our readers to give them as many privileges as possible, estimating damages at the lowest possible figures.

Pension Frauds.

The Postmaster General has issued the following eye-opener to his subordinates and all others, who have taken a hand at fraudulent pension work. The document reads as follows:

It appearing that certain persons have been practicing systematic frauds on ex-Union soldiers and their widows and orphans, or other heirs, making false representations concerning pension claims and other illegal fees for services pretended to have been or promised to be rendered, and this Department having reason to believe some postmasters have been aiding these fraudulent claim agents by furnishing lists of names of ex-Union soldiers and others supposed to be entitled to pensions, and also by distributing their addresses and circulars among that class, therefore postmasters are forbiden hereafter to furnish such lists or to distribute any circulars of the kind indicated, unless they are addressed to some individual and prepared according to law.

W. O. GRESHAM,
Postmaster General.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 20th, '83.

—The Citizens' Cornet Band of Milesburg will hold a fair and festival in E. H. Carr's store room under Odd Fellows' Hall on the 21st and 22d instants. The proceeds of the fair will be used in purchasing new uniforms for the band. This organization seems to be one of the most enterprising in this vicinity and of course their numerous friends will vie with one another in patronizing this festival. It will richly repay all who do.

A Literary Anniversary.

On Friday evening last Mr. L. A. Shaffer, of this place, visited Lock Haven and, as president, presided over the sixth anniversary of the Price Literary Society, an organization connected with the Normal School in that city. The gathering was an entirely successful one, about 700 persons thronging the spacious and beautifully decorated hall of the society known as Price chapel. The Lock Haven *Daily Journal* thus refers to the remarks made by President Shaffer: "The anniversary president Mr. L. A. Shaffer, of Bellefonte, was then introduced by Dr. Raub and in a few remarks refered to the early history of the society, the formation of Raub Lyceum and the relations existing between the two organizations. He said that close application to any duty devolving upon members of any organization always accomplishes desired results, if the cause is just."

That new journalistic fledgling of Lock Haven, the *Daily Democrat*, advances the absurd assertion that no rivalry exists between the two literary organizations of the Lock Haven Normal school—Price Literary Society and Raub Lyceum. If such is the case it is a condition of affairs never before known in any school. Collegiate or Normal literary societies will be much more beneficial to their members and the institution they represent if a condition of generous rivalry exists between them, and such we opine is the state of affairs in the Normal school in Lock Haven, the spirit of which the *Democrat* reporter probably does not understand.

Thanksgiving Topics.

Steam heating and building operations were generally continued without interruption on Thursday—the former because the work must be finished before winter weather arrives, and the latter because people who are building new houses are anxious to move into them as soon as possible, and the builder of the Spring creek bridge was aware that he could give the people of the town no cause for more devout thankfulness than to see the near completion of that structure.

Business places were closed to a greater extent than ever before on Thanksgiving day. It was the exception on Allegheny street to see a store of any kind open. We are glad that our merchants were so appreciative of the true spirit of the day as to be so willing to forego the receipt of a few dollars to allow their employes a needed rest.

There was very little drunkenness despite the fact that most if not all the manufacturing establishments were closed and an unusual number of men were idle. This is another cause for congratulation, and we hope that men will see the profit to themselves of soberness on such occasions. Their families will have added reason for thanksgiving.

—Mr. Robert McKnight, the efficient manager of the gas works in this place, announces his intention of resigning his position which he has held with great credit to himself for twenty-seven years, his resignation to take effect on the first day of April, 1884. Mr. McKnight has the reputation of thoroughly understanding the art of making gas and has managed the works in this place with much ability. His resignation will occasion general regret. Mr. *McKnight*—although his name suggests darkness—could render all objects as bright as day even at night, and often have we thanked him and the art of which he is a master when saved by the bright gas light from plunging into some mud puddle. We are glad to know that Mr. McK. has secured a competence as the result of his 27 years industry, and may his declining years be as bright as was the gas which he manufactured.

Centre Hall's Wedding.

On Thursday evening at 5 o'clock a brilliant wedding occurred at the residence of Mr. Boal at Centre Hall, the occasion being the marriage of his daughter, Miss Sallie Boal, to Dr. C. R. Kline, of Potter's Bank. Rev. Foster performed the ceremony assisted by Rev. Fischer. The bride was supported by two of her friends as brides-maids. About seventy friends graced the occasion with their presence.

After a sumptuous collation was served Mr. and Mrs. Kline came to this place and took the evening train for a brief wedding trip, expecting to return in a few days. May much happiness be their portion through life.

—The ladies of the Episcopal church will hold their fair and festival on Friday evening of next week, December 14. The ladies are exerting their utmost efforts to make this the greatest event of the season. Fancy articles of every description and refreshments of the most tempting character will be for sale. The place will be announced hereafter.

Personal Pencilings.

Mr. Edwin F. Garman is still confined to the house by illness.

Mr. A. W. Ralston and family, of Pine Grove Mills, have removed to Philipsburg.

D. H. Hastings, Esq., is entertaining his brother, Mr. James Hastings, of Philadelphia.

Lieut. James A. Leyden, of State College, was registered at the Bush House on Friday last.

Dr. Harshberger and lady, of Port Matilda, took possession of their beautiful new house last week.

Mr. William Furst, of Half moon, is suffering from the effect of a severe paralytic stroke recently received.

D. G. Bush, Esq., is a wide-awake business man and if Bellefonte had a score just like him she would soon be of great importance.

Mr. A. W. Rishel has taken charge of one of the Central City schools. The prospects are that it will be greatly improved under his control.

The *Centre Democrat* has a new foreman in the person of Mr. Swaverly, a brother of the good-looking sewing machine agent of that name.

E. T. Hicklen, of Roland, who was serving his country last week as a grand juror, spent a few minutes in the DAILY NEWS office on Tuesday.

Ex-Burgess A. Sternberg and Mr. William Steele—the latter a prominent farmer of Martha Furnace—favored us with their presence on Wednesday.

Mrs. Isaiah Zimmerman, of Nortonville, Kansas, is a guest of Mrs J. B. Mitchell on Howard street. Mrs. Zimmerman is a former resident of Centre county.

Mr. Shaffer, who superintended the erection of the Spring creek bridge went to Eagleville on Monday where he is putting up another bridge for the company he represents.

Mr. Alva Grow and wife of Lock Haven arrived in Bellefonte on Thursday and after dining at the home of Mr. E. T. Tuten on Linn street departed on the 8:55 p. m. train.

Prominent among the coming attorneys moving through the halls of justice Friday evening was Prof. J. C. Meyer. May his legal star wax brighter as it approaches the zenith of its fame.

Mr. William Wigton, of Morrisdale, on Sunday, drove from Philipsburg to Tyrone, a distance of twenty miles, in two hours and forty seconds. This is considered good time over the mountain road.

Mr. J. H. Smythe, of Tiffen, Ohio, who manipulated the electricity in the office of the Western Union during Manager Speer's absence, has been appointed night operator at the Western Union office in Altoona.

Ed Rankin departed last week to accept a position in the employ of the Pipe Line at North Bend, near Renovo. His duties will consist of telegraphing and inspecting the oil pipes, and the situation is considered an excellent one.

The American Earl of Beaconsfield made his presence seen and felt in the court room Friday evening. After inhaling a few draughts of the musty legal atmosphere of the law library and listening to Fortney's Ciceronian speech he departed probably to enjoy the companionship of the gentler sex.

Mr. David Kennedy, who has been located at Peale, Clearfield county, for some time, spent Thanksgiving day with his family in this place. He states that Peale now contains about 130 dwelling houses and that mechanics can obtain all the work they want. He expects the railroad to touch that place soon and if it continues as prosperous as it now is he will remove there with his family next Spring.

Mr. George Dare, son of Mrs. N. Dare and a graduate in pharmacy at W. S. Zeller's drug store, severed his connection of several years standing with that establishment on Monday, November 26, and on Friday, November 30, departed to enter upon similar duties in Mr. Joseph Snell's drug store in Binghampton, N. Y. Mr. Snell is also, we are informed, a graduate of a Bellefonte drug store, and if Binghampton folks don't purchase first class drugs it will be because they fail to appreciate the superiority of Bellefonte talent in that direction. Success, George.

—The Curwensville *Times* announces the extension of the Tyrone & Clearfield Railroad, by way of Little Clearfield creek, to the River at Bell's landing, and that the contract has been awarded and work is to begin at once. This news will put the New Millporters on a high horse. The same journal says. "That the recent charter for a railroad, taken out by Col. E. A. Irvin some time since, entitled the Curwensville & and West Branch Railroad, both of which will join at the mouth of Chest creek, will make a through route from Curwensville to Cresson."

Report of Grand Jury.

The Grand Inquest of the Court of Quarter Sessions, November 1883, after having disposed of all indictments presented under the direction of the Court, have examined the public buildings and find the water pipes in Sheriff's kitchen out of order. They should be repaired without delay, the flues of Jail should be repaired, the desk in Treasurer's office should have new covering or a new desk instead. * * * * * New locks should be put on doors on the vault in lower part, where many papers, etc., are kept for reference and public inspection in Prothonotary's office, and one of the cells on second floor of jail is unsafe and should be repaired.

E. B. HOSTERMAN,
November Term, 1883. Foreman.

The Law of Trespass.

As the gunning season is now at its height, sportsmen will do well to thoroughly post themselves in regard to the law of trespass in order to avoid trouble with the farming community upon whose lands they may enter in quest of game. There are several acts covering different violations of the law of trespass. Malicious trespass—a fine not exceeding $100, and imprisonment not exceeding six months. Wilfully carrying off or destroying any property—a fine not exceeding $50, and imprisonment not exceeding sixty days. A destruction of property, tramping down grass, grain, etc., a fine from $5 to $100, one-half to the informer, the other to the owner.

—It is announced that the Central Pennsylvania Conference, Methodist Episcopal church, will hold its next annual session at Williamsport, commencing on March 18th, 1884. The presiding officer will be Bishop William L. Harris, D. D., LL.D, of New York. The lay electoral conference, which meets once in four years, will also meet at the same place to elect the lay delegates to the General Conference, which meets in Philadelphia in May next.

—On Monday night, the 26th of November, the contents of the store owned by widow of the late Henry Eckenroth, of Pleasant Gap, was almost entirely destroyed by fire. The flames are thought to have orginated from a lighted cigar which fell on the floor. About all the stock is ruined, a few pieces of china being the only articles saved, but they are smoked and blackened. The stock was insured.

An Infant with a Snake.

A lady residing at Buffalo Run was greatly startled a few days ago when she entered a room in which she had left an eight-months-old infant sitting on the floor alone. To her horror, the little one was grasping a live snake in one of its hands and was much pleased at the wiggling creature, which was about nine inches in length. As soon as she recovered her first momentary alarm she at once killed the reptile.

Where they Spent Thanksgiving

James Gordon went to Clearfield. He pronounced the turkeys and girls of that town very superior.

Frank Grice returned thanks in New York City. He's thankful he don't live there all the time.

Mr and Mrs. S. T. Shugert visited their daughter Mrs. W. E. Burchfield in Philipsburg.

—The Millheim *Journal* records the death of Mr. Howard Rishel, of Madisonburg, on Saturday, November 24. He was the only son of David P. Rishel and was a young man of great promise. His death was caused by lung fever.

Bellefonte Markets.

BELLEFONTE, December 4, 1883.

Wheat—No. 1, per bushel	$1 00
Wheat—No. 2,	90
Wheat—No. 3,	8
Buckwheat	75
Rye per bushel	60
Corn (shelled)	60
Oats	35
Cloverseed, fair to good	$4 50 to $5 00
do prime to extra prime	
do choice	
Flour, retail, per barrel	6 60
Flour, wholesale	5 60

HAY AND STRAW.

Hay, choice timothy, per ton	$12 00
Hay, mixed, per ton	8 00
Long rye straw, bundled, per ton	10 00
Short straw per ton	6 00@8 00

Provision Market.

Corrected by Valentines Store Co., "Limited."

Apples, dried, per pound	10
Cherries, dried, per pound, seeded	20
Beans per quart	5
Fresh butter per pound	30
Chickens per piece	25
Cheese per pound	14 to 18
Country hams per pound	14
Hams, sugar cured	18
Country Bacon	18
Lard per pound	10
Eggs per doz	30
Potatoes, per bushel, new	55
Dried beef	28
Wilson's pressed beef per pound	20
Canned tomatoes per can	10—12½—15
Canned corn "	10—12½—15
Lemons per doz	28
Dried sweet corn per pound	07

MARRIED.

IRWIN—THOMPSON.—At the house of the bride's parents, near Port Matilda, November 20, by Rev. Mr. Frideaux, Mr. Arch. Irwin, of Bellwood, and Miss Martha Thompson.